The Daily and Weekly Commercial.

NEWS DEALERS DISCONTINUING.—Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether ordered to his name or another's, or whether he has paid for it or not—is responsible for the payment.

If a person orders his papers discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

☞ REMITTANCES must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the Money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XIII. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1876. NO. 249.

The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, No. 79 Fifth avenue.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; delivered by carriers, per week, 15 cents; to subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00, postage prepaid.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, contains all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per year (52 issues), $1 25; in Clubs of Twenty and over $1 00, postage pre-paid; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Great Britain.

HONORS TO THE PRINCE OF WALES.

LONDON, May 19.—To-day having been fixed upon by the Prince of Wales for his visit to the city of London after his return from India, most elaborate preparations have been made for his entertainment. The Stock Exchange is closed. A banquet and ball will take place this evening. There will be five hundred guests at the banquet and 5,000 at the ball.

The Guild Hall, which is to be the scene of the festivities, has been magnificently decorated. Nearly all the princes and princesses of the royal family, Disraeli and the other member of the Government, and all the great officers of State will be present. The streets adjacent to Guild Hall, at four in the afternoon, will be closed to all visitors except the carriages of guests. The members of the royal family are to arrive last, and will come by the way of the Victoria embankment, Queen Victoria and Queen streets, reaching Guild Hall at seven o'clock. The address of the corporation of London will be presented to the Prince in a magnificent gold casket, after which will follow the banquet.

The toasts to be offered are few and the speeches will be brief. The ball is announced to begin at nine o'clock. The yard of Guild Hall has been entirely covered with a temporary structure to be used as a ball room. The Lord Mayor has requested that there be no illumination of houses or streets because additional crowds thus attracted would render the passage of vehicles impossible.

LONDON, May 20.—The reception and entertainment of the Prince of Wales in this city last night, realized all expectations, and was a most magnificent and successful affair. The programme as previously announced was carried out. The Prince, accompanied by the Princess and members of the royal family, arrived at Guild Hall soon after seven o'clock, after a triumphal progress through streets crowded with spectators, who cheered enthusiastically as the carriages passed. The masses of people around Guild Hall were immense. The venerable building and the pavilion adjoining, erected for the occasion, were splendidly illuminated. There was great cheering as the Prince alighted and passed into the reception room. After receiving the address of the corporation, the Prince was escorted by the Lord Mayor to the main hall, where he sat down to a banquet with about 500 of the most distinguished persons of the kingdom. After the cloth was removed a few toasts were given. The Lord Mayor proposed the health of the Royal Highness. The Prince, replying, returned thanks. He instanced the warmth of his reception in India as an evidence of India's loyalty to England. The other speeches made warmly expressed happiness at the safe return of the Prince, and the loyalty and devotion to the Queen and royal family. At the conclusion of the dinner the grand ball began. At its height five thousand guests must have been present. The floor of the main hall, with that of the new library and temporary pavilion adjoining, was scarcely able to accommodate the assemblage. The festivities were kept up to a late hour, the Prince retiring long before they were concluded. Thousands of people remained around the building until daylight, eager to catch a glimpse of the scene and of the guests as they departed.

Disraeli is suffering from a severe cold and cannot attend either the banquet at Guild Hall or the sessions of the House of Commons to-night.

France.

DEPUTIES WHO DID NOT VOTE.

PARIS, May 19.—Sixty Deputies abstained from voting yesterday, on Raspail's motion for general amnesty, including Gambetta.

AMNESTY DEBATE CONTINUED.

VERSAILLES, May 19.—The Chamber of Deputies continued the debate on amnesty. Various Radical motions for complete amnesty and for amnesty of certain classes of Communists were rejected by overwhelming majorities.

The Eastern Question.

ENGLAND WILL NOT ADHERE TO THE MEMORANDUM—THE POWERS WILL UNITE IN A NOTE TO TURKEY.

BERLIN, May 19.—It is believed here that England has refused, or will refuse, to adhere to the memorandum of the three Powers, Russia, Germany and Austria. It is understood the five Powers will address a note to Turkey in regard to the settlement of its affairs. Nothing is known in official quarters of further negotiations of Germans in Turkey. Telegrams from the German Consul and German Embassy at Constantinople do not mention the alleged assassinations of German railway officials, or other Germans in Turkey.

FUNERAL OF THE MURDERED CONSULS.

LONDON, May 19.—The funeral of the murdered Consuls took place in Salonica to-day with great ceremony. Perfect order was maintained.

WHY ENGLAND REFUSES.

COLOGNE, May 19.—Intelligence from London published here gives as reasons for England's refusal to adhere to the memorandum of the Berlin conference that the proposals require from the Porte what is unreasonable and that England wishes to remain unfettered in whatever course future events may take. It is added that England, however, will not advise the Sultan to reject the proposals.

REAL CAUSE OF SALONICA MURDERS UNKNOWN.

BERLIN, May 19.—The *Reichsanzeiger* states that the investigation at Salonica has not yet afforded any reliable explanation of the real cause of the assassination of the consuls. It is certain, however, that the murders had no connection with the alleged forcible detention of the Christian girl.

THE VERY LATEST ADVICES.

LONDON, May 20.—A Vienna dispatch says Count Andrassy, in conversation yesterday, stated that she believed the peace of Europe to be assured, at least for some years, by the conference at Berlin.

A special from Constantinople announces that Midhat Pasha, who is well known to be opposed to Russia, has been appointed Minister without a portfolio.

A Berlin dispatch to the *Times* says: Notwithstanding the pacific result of the Berlin conference, the Austrian Government prepares for contingencies. Among its latest measures in an arrangement for trains for wounded and sick soldiers on various railways. The reason to justify the conclusion that if no settlement is effected on the basis of the Berlin programme, Austria, rather than allow Servia and Montenegro to continue their strife war indefinitely, will either interfere herself or enable Turkey to interpose.

The correspondent of the *Times* at Paris says the explanation given in there in official circles of England's refusal to accede to the Berlin programme is, that the British Government considered if an armistice was stipulated for in the name of the insurgents, they would thereby be treated as belligerents. England raised a succession of objections to the measures considered by the conference. The same correspondent asserts that Count Andrassy, before going to Berlin, pledged himself to Hungary not to approve of military intervention or join in any scheme menacing the integrity or independence of Turkey.

A dispatch from the correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* at Constantinople says, I have good authority to state that Turkey will reject the Berlin proposals.

A special from Paris to the *Daily Telegraph* says a report has been received there that the Musselman inhabitants of Piedor, in Asia, under the pretext that a number of Christian were about to quit the town attacked the Christian quarter and massacred one hundred persons, including women and children. The Turkish troops afterwards occupied the place and made numerous arrests.

The *Times'* Paris dispatch says it is expected that the widows of the murdered Consuls will receive $200,000 indemnity.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, May 19.—Arrived, the steamship Scythia, from New York.

Fatal Accident Near Bulger, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BULGER, PA., May 19, 1876.

A fatal accident occurred this morning, about three miles from this place, where three Vanorder brothers attempted to clean out an old well. They were overcome by the foul air, and, with a neighbor who attempted to rescue them, were almost dead before taken out. Mr. Thomas, another neighbor, succeeded in getting them out, but it was too late for one of the Vanorders, who died soon after. The others will probably recover.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-Day.—Stationary and rising barometer, southeast to southwest winds and continued warm, partly cloudy weather.

For want of a quorum there was no session yesterday of the British House of Commons.

At the Louisville Jockey Club meeting yesterday, races were won by Princess, Redman, Misdeal and Grit.

Checkered Front Removed.

The Checkered Front has removed to 172 and 174 Wood street, a few doors from Liberty street. The largest warehouse in the city.

PRESBYTERIANISM.

Proceedings of the General Assembly.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The first half hour of the session of the Presbyterian General Assembly was spent in devotional exercises. After the business meeting was called to order, the standing committees were announced by the Moderator. Official documents of different presbyteries were then handed in. Rev. Dr. Prime offered a series of resolutions declaring that the General Assembly was in hearty sympathy with the objects of the Centennial Exhibition, and recognizing the bountiful goodness of God to the people of the United States during the first century of their national independence; record with satisfaction the fact that the Commissioners having the Exhibition in charge have decided to close the gates on the Lord's Day. Such respect for the Sabbath is becoming a people whose God is love, and who has said, "The nations that honoreth me I will honor." The General Assembly therefore unanimously and heartily gives expression to its earnest desire that no influence may prevail to change the resolution to worthy of the American people. These resolutions were adopted, and a committee of thirteen appointed to go to Philadelphia and present them to the Commissioners.

Rev. Dr. Adams read a report from the Committee on the Reformed Church. The committee was appointed at the last Assembly to confer with similar committees of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in regard to the union of the two churches. He said they had come to no conclusion, although they were friendly disposed. The committee was therefore discharged.

A memorial from Rev. Charles Knox, of Newark, was read and referred relative to the German population of America. It calls the attention of the Assembly to this intelligent class, and points out the necessity of extending mission work in that quarter.

The Chairman of the Committee on the United Presbyterian Church stated that he had written that church and received no reply. The committee at his request was discharged.

At the afternoon session of the Presbyterian Convention, Rev. Dr. Breckenridge protested against the decision of the General Assembly of 1865, which allowed Catholics to enter the Presbyterian Church without being rebaptized. Dr. Breckenridge claimed that the reception of members was inconsistent, and that all Catholics who enter Presbyterian churches should be treated the same as though they had never been connected religiously. After some debate the protest was referred to a committee.

Rev. Dr. Adams made an address and offered a resolution to the effect that professors should not be appointed on committees on theological seminaries. It was inappropriate, as they had to consider matters pertaining to themselves. Dr. Adams was permitted to withdraw from his membership of the committee, and the committee was reorganized. Drs. Aiken and Hunt also retired from committees and to fill the places of the retiring members the following gentlemen were chosen: Rev. John F. Hendy, G. D. Stewart, J. H. Schochield and Robert Craig.

The subject of church members attending balls and dancing with promiscuous assemblages was discussed, and the matter referred to the Committee on Church Polity.

Full and complete reports, in printed form, were received in regard to home and foreign missions, and referred to the Committee on Missions.

There was read a formal invitation from the Brooklyn Sunday School Union, extending an invitation for the Assembly to take part in the anniversary of the Sunday schools of Brooklyn on Wednesday next. The invitation was declined, as it would not be convenient for the delegates to attend, owing to the pressure of business.

Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

At the evening session of the House several speeches were made in reference to abolishing navy yards, and by Mr. WALLACE, of Pennsylvania, upon the financial question.

Adjourned.

POLITICAL.

Kansas.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

TOPEKA, KS., May 19.—The Democratic Convention reached a report on the platform reported last night, and adopted it about midnight by a vote of 182 to 104, including instructions for Hendricks. The following were elected delegates at large: Ex-Governor Wilson Shannon, C. W. Bair, Isaac Eston and J. W. Taylor. Ex-United States Senator Ross was a member of the convention, and is in full affiliation with the party.

Serious Injury of Captain B. F. Goodwin, at Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 19, 1876.

Captain B. F. Goodwin, of the steamer Ike Hammett, fell into the hold of one of the barges last night, striking upon his head. He has been almost entirely unconscious ever since. His injuries are very severe, and may prove fatal.

The Whisky Trials.

CHICAGO, May 19.—In the Munn whisky trial to-day, several witnesses were introduced, who contradicted Rathbone in several particulars, and testified to the good character of the defendant. The defense rested its case, and the court took a recess till afternoon.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

Owen Marlow, the well known actor, died in the Massachusetts General Hospital, at Boston, last evening.

Hugh F. Summers, of Pike county, Mo., one of the jurors in the McKee whisky case, has sued the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* for libel, damages $50,000.

John Sherman, Jr., senior member of the late banking firm of Sherman & Grant, will be nominated on Monday next as United States Marshal for New Mexico.

A boy aged fifteen, while shooting at a target with an old musket, accidentally shot Mrs. J. Cohen on Patton street, Detroit, yesterday, inflicting a serious but it is thought not fatal wound.

Hon. Newton Morse, of Natick, successor of the forger Winslow from the Fourth Massachusetts Senatorial district, has fled, having appropriated $3,000 of the funds of the town of Natick. He is said to have squandered large sums at faro.

A dispatch from Lagrange, Ky., to the Chief of Police of Louisville, says men are organizing to come to Louisville and hang Ben Mickey, a prisoner charged with murder. Mickey is a bad character, and has assassinated four men, the last at Lagrange a week ago.

At noon yesterday O'Leary had finished 335 miles. He continues lively and confident of making the five hundred within the time. Schmehl is 102 miles behind, and can scarcely stand at times, resting frequently. O'Leary was walking vigorously during yesterday afternoon.

David Anderson, one of the oldest settlers near Columbus, Neb., was shot yesterday morning on his farm by a neighbor, John McPherson. The shot lodged in his bowels, and there is no hope of his recovery. There appears to have been an old grudge between the men.

General Willis A. Gorman, second Territorial Governor of Minnesota, Colonel of First Minnesota Regiment, and General in the late war, is past recovery, and was expected to die last night. He was Major of an Indiana regiment in the Mexican war, and a member of Congress from that State.

At midnight the entire police force of Louisville had been ordered on duty to prevent the Lagrange mob from hanging Mickey. Other dispatches say one hundred and ninety men have left Lagrange for the Louisville jail. The police and military were on duty and ready to arrest the mob as soon as they come. The police number one hundred and eighty, and the military one hundred.

Two civil suits against the sureties of James Busbee, one of the whisky ring distillers, were concluded yesterday in the United States District Court at St. Louis, the juries bringing in a verdict in each case for the full amount of the bonds, $70,000. In all suits of a similar character the bondsmen of other distillers and rectifiers will come on as rapidly as possible, and District Attorney Dyer expects to realize about a million dollars for the Government from them.

In Cincinnati early yesterday morning, the wife of W. H. Widdefield, residing on Richmond street, was awakened by a man climbing into the second story sleeping room window, and gave the alarm which awoke her husband. The burglar in the meantime dropped to the ground, and Mr. Widdefield, seizing his revolver, ran to the other window, where he saw three foot men in his yard. The latter opened fire on him without effect, but he succeeded in shooting one man in the groin. His comrades carried him some distance through the streets and alleys, and were finally forced to leave him, owing to another alarm raised by the inmates of a house near where they stopped. The wounded man was captured by the police and taken to a hospital. He gave the name of Morris Ward, a New Orleans thief, but refused to disclose the names of his companions.

Buy White River

put up, now, in sealed bags. Best flour for the money in the United States.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Thurman's Defeat at Cincinnati.

Sergeant-at-Arms Thompson Explains.

Allen Really Has No Chance.

Fight Over Philadelphia Col'ectorship.

GENERAL COMLY WILL NOT RESIGN.

The Western District Judgeship.

Explanation of Judge McKennan's Letter.

Growing Belief that Ketcham Will be Appointed.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19, 1876.

Echoes from the Ohio Convention.

John G. Thompson, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, and one of the head fuglemen of the Ohio Democratic Convention, returned here to-day. He says that two-thirds of the delegates were for Thurman, but that the indorsement of Allen was necessary to harmony. The resuscitation of the rag baby, he thinks, will not meet with the approval of the people, and was simply pandering to the morbid tastes and desires of a very small minority. He says he does not think that the action of the convention means the earnest and continued support of Allen; that he will be dropped after the first ballot, and that a vigorous movement will be made in the interest of Thurman. He does not speak in the most flattering terms of this convention.

The Fight for the Philadelphia Collectorship.

A lively contest is brewing over the Collectorship at Philadelphia. The Republicans of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress, except Townsend and Ross, have signed a petition for the appointment of Supervisor Tutton. Some of these now say that they signed under the impression that Comly intended to resign, which it now seems he will not do voluntarily. There is also considerable opposition manifesting itself against Tutton on account of the letter which he wrote in the interest of Babcock in reference to the transfer of supervisors.

Judge McKennan's Letter.

The letter of Judge McKennan, so highly complimentary of the abilities of Judge Ketchum, and presented to the President yesterday, was written with a view to his appointment to the Judgeship of the new district proposed in a bill before the House last session. The object in writing this was to show the opinion of Judge McKennan, though in the present case he favors Logan. Among the Pennsylvania members the belief is that Ketchum will be appointed, though there is nothing positive to warrant this.

Another Failure.

The failure to get the McCandless bill up in the House to-day will make another week's delay, unless action can be taken under a suspension of the rules, which it is proposed to try.

Pacific RailroadSinking Fund.

The House Judiciary Committee to-day finally agreed to report a bill requiring the Union Pacific Railroad to set apart three-quarters of a million of dollars for ten years and one million thereafter, in liquidation of their indebtedness to the Government.

The President to Make a Tour of the World.

The President intimated to a friend today that, after the close of his Presidential term he proposes to make an extended tour of the world.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19, 1876.

THE REPORT IN SCHENCK'S CASE.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs have not yet finally acted on the report of the sub-committee affecting General Schenck, but the members are agreed that while he was not himself guilty of intentional wrong, he was a party, with others, in a speculative enterprise which resulted in great loss to British subjects, and that his becoming a director in the Emma Mine Company was altogether improper, and incompatible with his position as American Minister.

CAMPBELL ON THE STAND.

B. H. Campbell, United States Marshal for the Northern District of Illinois, testified before the Civil Service Commission today. His testimony was almost similar in the matter contained in his letter to Miss Sweet. Blakely was honestly indebted to him in the sum of $5,000, and notified him that Miss Sweet would pay the indebtedness. She did pay him $2,105, but he had not the slightest knowledge or information that it had anything to do with her appointment as Pension Agent. He only learned this during the past few week, and paid the entire amount back to Miss Sweet.

SENATOR BOOTH DECLINES.

Senator Booth says he does not intend to pay any attention to his nomination for Vice President, not regarding it as a matter worth especial notice. He says there are only two points of accord between his financial views and those of the convention, namely, that United States legal tender notes should be substituted for all national bank notes, and that the easiest way to bring them up to gold standard and provide for their redemption is through the inter-convertable 3.65 bond system.

THE LOUISIANA INQUIRY.

The Committee on Federal Offices in Louisiana met again to-day, and G. W. Ferguson continued his testimony. In regard to the importation of 14,000,000 cigars, he admitted that most of his information was derived from other parties. Being asked if he knew anything about any fraudulent pay-rolls, he declined to answer, as it might criminate himself, but subsequently admitted seeing fraudulent pay-rolls in 1874, and that money was paid on them. J. M. Wilson appeared as counsel for Collector Casey.

REPORT ON FREEDMEN'S BANK.

The committee investigating the affairs of the Freedmen's Bank, in their report, set forth the evil doings of those who, in effect, robbed the bank, and recommend that they be indicted and punished to the full extent of the law.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate confirmed John Nazro, Collector of Customs at Milwaukee; James McLean, Receiver of Public Moneys at Chillicothe, O.; Robert W. Elstun, Postmaster at Duquoin, Ill.

THE DERBY NOTE DISCUSSED IN CABINET.

The Cabinet was in session to-day for more than two hours. The note just received from Earl Derby upon the Winslow extradition case was the subject of attention. The document was read to the members of the Cabinet by Secretary Fish, and at the conclusion of the reading a general conversation ensued upon the subject matter of the communication. Secretary Fish will soon reply to Earl Derby, and while it is not learned what the exact nature of the response from this Government will be, it can nevertheless be said that the position already held will be adhered to. The tenor of the conversation to-day was of a character to indicate very clearly that the duty of this Government lies in the abrogation of our extradition treaty with Great Britain, though this depends upon the British note in reply to the next dispatch from the Secretary of State to Earl Derby.

The condition of affairs in Louisiana was also a subject of the attention of the Cabinet to-day, though no action was taken beyond what is already known. A telegram was read from General Augur to General Sheridan, stating the receipt of the instructions of General Sherman and further saying: "Troops are already instructed to prevent open violence, and as far as possible to afford protection to all requiring it. Bascom, at Bayou Sara, telegraphs this morning that the disturbances are over. They were pricipally in Mississippi." Secretary Bristow was detained at home to-day by sickness, and the Treasury Department was represented at the meeting by Assistant Secretary Conant. With this exception all the members were present.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL.

The House Judiciary Committee to-day adopted resolutions to amend the Knott and Lawrence bill regarding the Pacific railroads, so that when reported for passage it shall contain substantially the following provisions: That the sinking fund to be paid by the Union Pacific Railroad Company be fixed at $750,000 per annum for the first ten years, and one million dollars thereafter until the whole debt and interest be paid, the sums to be exclusive of the five per cent. of net earnings and Government freights, both of which, as they accrue, shall be credited to the companies on account of their indebtedness to the United States. A sinking fund of proportionate amount shall also be created in the same way by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and all other Pacific railroad companies for which the Government has issued subsidy bonds and advanced interest.

METHODISM.

Proceedings of the General Conference.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—In the Methodist General Conference to-day, a resolution to amend the discipline so as to provide for the expulsion of members of the church who rent buildings for the sale of intoxicating drinks was laid over until to-morrow.

General Fisk, from the committee to which was referred the communication from the Methodist Episcopal Church South, presented a report that in order to remove all obstacles to formal fraternity between the two churches, the Board of Bishops be directed to appoint a committee of three ministers and two laymen to meet a similar committee authorized by the Methodist Episcopal Church South and adjust all differences, and was laid over.

J. M. Reid, of Michigan, was elected Corresponding Missionary Secretary, receiving 238 votes of the 309 cast. A motion to reconsider the action of conference, transferring publication and control of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate* to the Book Concern at New York, led to a prolonged discussion, and was laid over to receive, formally, Bishop Cummings, of the Reformed Episcopal Church.

The Bishop was warmly welcomed, and delivered an eloquent address, saying that all he was he owed to Methodism. At the conclusion of the address there was prolonged applause, and resolutions were adopted that fraternal messengers be sent to the Reformed Church.

The matter of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate* was resumed, and the conference finally agreed to its sale, and to locate its publication and management to the New York Book Concern. The report of the Book Committee relative to changing the name of the *Ladies' Repository* to one of more general scope and character of that magazine, investing the agents of the Western Book Concern, the Western section of the Book Committee and the Editor of the *Repository* with authority to make such change, was taken up and adopted.

The conference elected Rev. Reuben Nelson and Rev. Luke Hitchcock as treasurer and assistant treasurer respectively of the missionary societies. Adjourned.

WEEKLY BULLETIN OF STEINWAY PIANO SALES, NO. 79.

Reported by H. Kleber & Bro.

Mrs. J. L. Boyd, Allegheny, a Steinway Square Piano.

G. W. Baker, Saltsburg, a Steinway Square Piano.

M. L. Miller, Steubenville, a Steinway Square Grand.

Mrs. B. McGoffin, Allegheny, a Steinway Square Grand.

P. A. Laubie, Salem, Ohio, a Steinway Square Piano.

Mrs. J. McCreery, city, a Steinway Square Piano.

James Harrower, city, a Steinway Square Piano.

R. D. Beatty, East End, a Steinway Square Grand.

Wm. Hitchman, Mt. Pleasant, a Steinway Square Grand.

Mrs. J. B. Angell, Beaver, a Steinway Square Piano.

H. Blackstone, Connellsville, a Steinway Square Piano.

A. Fuhrer, city, a Steinway Square Grand.

The Steinway Pianos are the models which all other makers pattern after, their highest ambition being to make pianos "just as good as the Steinways" besides they are sold on the monthly payment plan, and as cheap as any of the imitation and shoddy pianos. The long established reputation for honesty and reliability of H. Kleber & Bro., No. 122 Wood street, places them at the head of all other dealers; so give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and you will save money. They are also the sole agents for the famous Burdett Organs, and offer them cheaper and on better terms than any other organ sold in the city.

LITERARY CONVENTION.

Third Semi-Annual Meeting of the Allegheny County Literary Association.

At the meeting of the County Literary Association, held yesterday in the Western University, the business of general interest transacted. President Kiefer presided over the afternoon session until the officers for the current year had been chosen. These officers are: President—J. G. Battelle; First Vice President—W. H. Denniston; Second Vice President—F. S. Craig; Third Vice President—C. H. Hoffman; Recording Secretary—F. H. Crawford; Corresponding Secretary—A. S. Sickman; Treasurer—T. C. Asbury; Historian—Miss E. Aber.

At the evening session, the committee appointed to urge upon the proper authorities the formation of literary societies in the public schools presented a report for the ensuing six months. From this report it appears that the committee has advanced so far towards the accomplishment of its object, in Allegheny as to have the proposal before the Central Board of Education, which has generally favorable to it, failed to act upon it only from lack of time. The report was accepted, and the committee, which has been subsequently increased to ten members, was continued. The Executive Committee was then announced as follows: W. S. Kreb, Chairman; George Seibick, E. E. Cotton, W. H. Denniston and O. H. Leonard to the standing of the Calvert Literary Club in the Association, it was decided that the Club is, in reality, the Lawrence Society under new names, and that by assuming the obligations of that organization it can enjoy full membership in the Association.

The rest of the evening was occupied in discussing the questions, "What are the Most Beneficial Performances?" "Should Music be Introduced into Our Literary Societies?" and "Should a Literary Test be made of Candidates for Membership in Literary Societies?" upon which questions the members made use of the opportunity to express their opinions. The manner of discussing the second question was varied somewhat by a practical illustration as the profit and pleasure to be derived from such a source of literary training. The discussion was favored with several beautiful songs by Mr. F. W. Kelfer, of the Owl Vive, and also by Mr. F. W. Kelfer, of the Owl and the Lyceum, who was assisted by Prof. Howard at the piano. Both of these gentlemen made fine singers, possessed of clear and pleasant voices, and in return for the entertainment so kindly furnished received the long and hearty applause of the entire assembly.

Though in point of numbers, this meeting was far inferior to former meetings, nevertheless the interest manifested by those who were present was in every way as deep, and the delegates departed well satisfied with the pleasant and profitable afternoon and evening they had passed.

Gold in Pittsburgh.

The names of those finding gold dollars in the Gold Scan will soon be published

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made in the Court of Common Pleas, No. 2, of Allegheny county, for a charter incorporating "THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF PITTSBURGH," under the provisions of an act of Assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, and the supplement thereto. The character and object of the intended corporation is for the protection and encouragement of the manufacturing and commercial interests of Allegheny county.

THOS. M. HOWE, President; C. Meyran, Treasurer; George A. Kelley, Secretary.

JOHN C. NEWMYER, Attorney.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application to apply for a Charter of Incorporation for the

PENN COTTON MILL,

a corporation to be formed under the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874.

The character and object of the corporation to be, the Manufacture and Sale of Cotton Goods, in the city and county of Allegheny, Pa.

THOS. M. HOWE,
JAS. P. HANNA,
A. P. CHILDS,
W. S. KENNEDY,
D. C. CLAPP.

May 6, 1876.

OLD TEA HOUSE

TEAS,

A SPECIALTY.

OLD COUNTRY TEA.

Souchong, Congou, Assam, Pouchong, Assam Souchong, Scented Caper, Hyson, Orange Pekoe, Flowery Pekoe, Fine Formosa, Thea Nectar, Fine Kaisow, Caper, Twankay, Assam Pekoe, Moning Congou, Oolong, Fongtai, Rose Flavored Tea, English Breakfast.

The prices of the Old Country Teas depend on the grade and quality. The 1st Cr. Sifty Teas were sent directly from the London Tea Market.

☞ The only House in Pittsburgh where a full variety of OLD COUNTRY TEA can be found.

☞ Send for the new Catalogue and Price List.

D. M. Jenkins,

20 FIFTH AVENUE,

NEW No. 28, PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO USE Abel's Vermin Exterminator. It has no equal for banishing Rats, Mice and Roaches. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED—GIRL—A GOOD GIRL TO do General Housework; must be a good Washer and Ironer, and come well recommended. Apply at FERD. A. ABEL'S DRUG STORE, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—LOT—ANY PERSON wishing to dispose of a lot (about 22 feet square) in Allegheny Cemetery, in which a special inducement can be offered for cash, can address, with price and loc. Box X, this office.

WANTED—PLACES—FOR 20 FARM Hands, 8 single and 6 married Gardeners; also 15 Germans, who understand Gardening and Driving; all have best of reference; a German Boy can be had at low wages—is active; 5 Cooks, 10 House Girls, 70 Chambermaids, 10 Nurses, 8 Seamstresses, 10 Young Girls; also, 8 Laundry Women want places in city or any distance out; all have best of reference. Families can change girls or men as often as they wish for one month. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

BOARDING.

BOARDING CAN BE HAD IN THE Country within easy driving distance from business centers. Very pleasant drive, pleasant location, three miles from city limits, or can be reached by rail. For information call on JAS. S. BLACK, No. 40 Fifth avenue.

LOST.

LOST—POCKET BOOK—MAY 19, BETWEEN 5 and 6 o'clock P. M., a Leather Pocket-Book, containing coupons, bills, &c. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at No. 129 Liberty street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—COMFORTABLE House of 8 rooms and finished attic, 139 Wylie avenue. To a good tenant rent moderate. Inquire at 133 Wylie avenue.

FOR RENT—4 NICE DWELLINGS—ON Hilland avenue, East End; large grounds, with fruit trees, etc.; rent very low. Inquire of LOCKHART & FREW, 174 Wood street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—TWO PLEASANT Second and Third-story Front Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Inquire at DRUG STORE, Northwest corner Wylie avenue and Congress st.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—TWO DWELLings of 8 rooms each, with finished attic and good cellar, both in good condition as to paint, paper, &c., on Center avenue. Rent low. Inquire at 154 Center avenue.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A HANDSOME Brick Dwelling House, on Cliff street, Fartors, Dining-room and Kitchen on first floor; Basement Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic, Water and Gas in the improvement. No. 5 Cliff street, Allegheny. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to W. M. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSE—NEW two-story Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall. Water in Kitchen. Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c. Located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, and convenient to the new Incline Plane Railway. Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a small tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—A FRAME House on Beechwood avenue, Oakland, near Somers street; rent $10 per month. Also two brick dwelling houses of 7 rooms, hall and cellar, on Bedford avenue, near Erin street; rent $16. Also business stand on Penn avenue, near Portland street; rent $25. Apply to J. H. SCHOCH, Sixteenth ward, four rooms; rent $12. Apply to G. W. & F. EVANS, Real Estate Agents, 140 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—MANUFACturing business, well established; large part of city. ON LONG TIME. Inquire Lock Box 263. WS

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 8 Portables, 6 second-hand Engine Lathes, 1 Planer, T. CARLIN, corner Liberty and Seventh streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—CARRIAGE AND A GOOD second hand Carriage, suitable for livery business, will be sold cheap. Inquire at HARE'S Carriage Shop, 164 Penn avenue, between Cecil and Semple streets.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—THE Stock, Good Will and Fixtures of an established Retail Drug Store in Philadelphia. Will sell $1,000 worth of Goods at Invoice. Address H. L., "19 North Nineteenth street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS —New and Second-hand, Stationary, Semi-Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & SON, corner Carson avenue and Fox and C. R. R., Allegheny City.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and good SECOND HAND BOILERS in complete order. Comay Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairs done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 12 Water street. MITCHELL, VANCE & WATSON & ANDERSON.

FOR SALE—THE HAWKIN'S PATent Improved Blower, for Rolling Mills, Forges, Furnaces, Planing Mills, &c. The best and cheapest made. Also, a full stock of Set and Cap Screws, Judson Governors, Belting and Manufacturers' Supplies, generally. M. E. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—WILL Exchange for approved Kansas property a good 2-Story Dwelling House, and Outbuildings in New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, or sell cheap for cash. See a Descriptive List of Properties or sale at my office, and call on or address EDWARD WITHAM, Beaver Falls, or every Tuesday at No. 57 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—FLOUR & GRIST MILLS—in Wayne county, Indiana, 4 miles north of Richmond, on the middle branch of White Water; a good water power, 3 run of stones, in the best of order, and as good a wheat country as there is in the State; grinds now about 100 bbls. per day. One-half cash and the other half improved city property. For further information at the mills or by letter, address DAVIS & HAMBLAN, Postoffice Box 909 Richmond, Indiana.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY, PA., DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT., free of all tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th inst.

J. KRAMER, Cashier.

Allegheny, Pa., May 9, 1876.

THE GREAT COAST RANGE FLOUR

CALIFORNIA

PATENTED.

No Risk. Every Package Guaranteed.

PEABODY, HUGUS & CO.

329 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Novelties in Furniture.

Solid Walnut Chamber Suits, in Eastlake Styles.

Hugarian Ash Chamber Suits, in Eastlake Styles.

Enameled Cottage Suits, in Eastlake Styles.

White Holly and Walnut Dwarf Bookcases, in Eastlake Styles.

Eastlake Hall Racks, with Tile and Nickel Plated Ornaments.

Eastlake Mantel Mirrors.

Eastlake Cornices.

Eastlake Lambrequins.

We invite you to call and inspect our Stock, which is now full and complete.

E. EDMUNDSON & SONS,

139 Liberty Street,

FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

J. D. Bernd & Go.,

Corner Fifth Avenue and Market,

Entrance on Fifth Avenue,

Offer to the Trade a Large and Well Assorted Stock of

RIBBONS, SILKS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

Having a Resident Buyer in New York, Novelties shown the day after they appear in the Eastern Markets.

We Sell as Low as Any Eastern House.

Le Prince, Elcan, Victorie,

The Commercial.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1876.

THE *Post* has gone into the kalsomining business. It is at present engaged in whitewashing PENDLETON.

"THE ticket is short," says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, speaking of the Ohio State Democratic nominations. And the Republicans will make short work of it.

"AN architect says that it looks dangerously easy for an amateur to build himself a house from picturesque designs."—*New York Herald.*

The suggestions of that paper in regard to political parties, their formation and designs, prove the truth of this observation, daily.

THE New York *Tribune* rightly argues that it is questionable morality which induces newspapers to praise after death a bad man. It can, however, hardly be more questionable than to praise such a man while living, and yet the *Tribune* has at different times teemed with laudations of TILDEN.

COMMISSIONER DAVENPORT has been discharged as a witness by CAULFIELD'S committee. Thus saith the Scriptures: "Whosoever diggeth a pit, shall straightway fall into it, and whomsoever breaketh a hedge, a serpent shall bite him." The committee is not calling for the impeachment of President GRANT so loudly as it was.

BETTER late than never. The Centennial committee on concessions have at length decided to insist upon a strict compliance with that requirement of the contracts of the restaurant keepers and caterers which obligates them to furnish meals on the grounds at the ordinary city prices. Now let them be held rigorously to the point.

A MEASURE of considerable importance to savings banks generally has just passed the House, and will probably soon become a law. It provides that no stamp tax shall be required on receipts to savings banks or institutions for savings having no capital stock, and doing no other business than receiving deposits to be loaned or invested for the sole benefit of the parties making such deposits, without profit or compensation to the association or company.

IN ADDITION to the five mills which stopped at North Adams, Massachusetts a few days ago, half a dozen prominent business men, it is now reported, have gone under, and confidence is almost wholly destroyed. These collapses, however, are simply cases of the survival of the fittest, and, as the New York *Mail* says afford further assurance that the business of the country is constantly becoming more stable and giving evidence of resting on a solid foundation.

WE SAID, some time ago, that the true inwardness of all the Democratic talk in Congress about the mismanagement of the present Congressional Printer, and the great saving there would be if the work was done by contract, meant simply the reinstatement of the old Congressional Printing Ring, who has already made one enormous fortune out of the Government, and wants to make another. The action of the House, on Thursday, proves this conclusively. Whether CLAPP is removed or not, the Senate should block this shrewd little game. There is a "job" in it.

THE refusal of the Democratic House to pass the bill to authorize the exchange of $10,000,000 of fractional silver coin for an equal amount of greenbacks, has had the effect to revive the premium on silver coin in New York, and it is now from one and one-half to two per cent. California is quite angry with the New York brokers for shipping substantially silver coin from that point to the Pacific coast. The movement threatens them with the same flood of unappreciated money against which the merchants of Canada have combined. The *Bulletin*, calculating that "moral considerations will have no effect on the New York brokers, threatens that the merchants of San Francisco will resort to a combination against silver change similar to that which they made against the trade dollar.

THE Rochester *Democrat* intimates that the real reason for making a State out of New Mexico is that an ambitious schemer by the name of ELKINS represents her in the House and aspires to represent her in the Senate. This makes the project a still worse moral and political swindle. The following official data concerning that Territory are sufficient to prove that no title to admission exists either on account of fitness, education or growth:

"The Territory had, in 1863, according to official returns, 13,956 voters; in 1873, 15,485; in 1875, 15,781. That is to say, its population has increased in twelve years by less than 2,000 voters. Between 1870 and 1870 the number of children increased, according to the census, 892. It had, last year, only five (?) public schools, for which the people taxed themselves to the amount of $1,000. The public school fund, instead of increasing, decreased, from 1874 to 1875, $1,637; and the last Legislature refused to pass a school law. The census shows a singular and isolated condition of New Mexico and other Territories in the number of persons over ten years of age who cannot read. Of these, Colorado had 6,297; Utah, 2,215; Washington Territory, 1,018; but New Mexico, 48,836. Wool-growing is one of the principal and most profitable industries of the Territory, but the census shows a decrease of 210,678 in the number of sheep from 1860 to 1870. Nor has mining prospered largely, for the product has not increased, and in 1870 all the quartz mills in the Territory employed only eighty-eight hands. These figures explain sufficiently why the Territorial debt is so large and increasing, and why the Territory does not even collect enough taxes to pay the interest on the debt."

THE mistaken commercial policy of Philadelphia, in withholding from the public daily reports of the transactions in grain and other products, is forcibly pointed out by a New York paper. The transactions are kept quiet, under the belief that, if made public, other ports will take measures to increase their facilities, and thus draw away the trade from Philadelphia. It is evident, however, that this reticence in regard to all large operations in grain for export, does more harm in keeping Western shippers ignorant of the advantages offered them, and thus forcing consignments to other ports, than could result from all the rivalry that daily reports might inspire. The fact that nearly all the grain exported from Philadelphia, is bought through the agents of the steamship companies, and that very little is received on consignment, is due to the lack of knowledge in the West of the advantages offered them to ship grain to that port, and still more to the refusal of the shippers to report their transactions for export, giving the Western shipper neither the volume in which his goods can be placed there, nor the price which they will bring, whereas other markets give both daily sales and prices, which afford their correspondents in the interior a basis upon which to operate intelligently and not in the dark. Before Philadelphia can ever take her proper place as an export market in competition for consignments of grain from the West, it will be obliged to tell the West in its daily market reports what it is doing.

A WASHINGTON correspondent says that a few days ago, after the exposure of FITZHUGH, the fool-felon House Doorkeeper, a Northern Democrat said to one of his Republican colleagues, "You Republicans may as well go home assured of the Presidency. Leave us here, label us a lunatic asylum, and the country is yours." And, indeed, the word really seem to compass the whole matter. The people have the right to claim that the test of the Democratic reform is to be found in the management of the Lower House. If the great Democratic party cannot succeed in the management of three hundred Representatives, and the control of the petty offices of the House, what would the party do with the whole country? If there is nothing but rascality in the green tree what shall there be in the dry? After the Republican administration of the country for fifteen years the combined effort of the Democratic party, aided by an extensive detective machinery, has to impeach one Cabinet officer, because a Kentucky rebel, dealing with a rebel woman, sold a post-tradership to a rebel sutler. In the five months of the House rule the Democrats present a very different record. The Bourbons made loyalty to the Confederate cause a condition precedent of appointment to office. The experience of Judge HANCOCK in Texas, in his contest with COKE for the Senatorship, was the experience of Democrats in applying for House offices. The Sergeant-at-Arms was chosen because he was a VALLANDIGHAM copperhead; the Doorkeeper was appointed because he was the Doorkeeper of the Confederate Congress at Richmond; the assistant doorkeepers because they were rebel soldiers; the Assistant Journal Clerk because he had been imprisoned by General HOOKER for inciting an insurrection and aiding in desertion from the Union army. And so on through the long record of petty offices. The clerk of the Ways and Means Committee was chosen because he had a son named after JOHN WILKES BOOTH, the assassin of President LINCOLN, a fact which was known before his appointment. The Ways and Means clerk was not removed until the committee felt compelled to yield to the outburst of patriotic indignation. An ex Democratic Congressman has just been dismissed from a petty clerkship under the Doorkeeper on account of inefficiency. It will probably soon be proved that a prominent officer of the House has been bartering in the offices under him, and now the Doorkeeper, the keeper of the secrets of the Confederate Congress, is under fire because he has been indicted for arson, for larceny, for perjury, and is, as LAMAR says, "perhaps guilty of moral turpitude and a person infamous." The disenchantment of the American people with the present Democratic "reform" Congress has been even more quickly brought about than was SWIFT'S, with his "Lesbia:"

"When Lesbia first I saw, so heavenly fair,
With eyes so bright and with that awful air,
I thought my heart would burst so high aspire
As bold as his who snatched celestial fire.
But soon as e'er the bounteous idiot spoke,
Forth from her coral lips such folly broke:
Like balm the trickling nonsense healed my wound,
And what her eyes enthralled, her tongue unbound."

THE report is current in Western New York that the LORDS and other canal ring thieves of that State have compromised their transgressions by pledging the St. Louis delegates, cousin through their influence, to Governor TILDEN, and the Brooklyn *Argus* intimates that the Democratic Attorney General of the State has agreed not to push the suits against the Tammany ring, in consideration of which clemency the ring delegates to St. Louis are to work and vote for the nomination of Governor TILDEN. It is probable that both of these reports are true. At least the Governor would not be likely to be troubled with any conscientious scruples tending to deter him from entering into such a bargain. For thirty years TILDEN has been the confederate of the most corrupt, audacious and dangerous set of men known in the politics of this country. HORACE GREELEY, in his letter to TILDEN in the fall of 1869, showed how the people of New York were robbed of their political rights by repeating and ballot-box stuffing. Here is what GREELEY said:

"Your name was used without public protest on your part in circulars sowed broadcast over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to make assurance doubly sure that the frauds he (Tweed) perpetrated should not be overcome by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you not merely by silence but by positive assumption have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed and O'Brien."

In connection with certain other parties TILDEN is also charged with unlawfully appropriating several hundred thousand dollars' worth of bonds and stocks of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, and the case is now before the New York courts. He was also, at one time, chief manager of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad. What the Supreme Court of the United States thought of the character of his management, the consolidation he effected and the means he employed, may be inferred from this extract from the opinion of Associate Justice DAVIS, who delivered the decision of the court on a motion for an injunction:

"Finally those stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company who exchange their stock in ignorance of their rights can now be restored and the confidence betrayed from whom procuring ruin by joining in the efforts which are now being made to set aside the pretended consolidation, which was consummated by trickery and fraud, while the public can be rescued from the despotism of the most gigantic and heartless monopoly ever attempted to be fastened upon a free people, by using proper efforts to sustain those who are now engaged in contending against this self constituted monopoly."

A man whose conduct the supreme judicial tribunal of the land does not hesitate to characterize as marked by "trickery and fraud," would not be likely to hesitate in comp unding the crimes of felons for the furtherance of his own selfish interests.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Senator English says he is about to retire from politics. Sour grapes.

If broken slates are dangerous what a time there will be in June.

There is precious little gold in the Black Hills, but there is plenty of gore.

New cotton is looked for in Texas by the middle of July. This is unprecedentedly early.

Everywhere throughout the country the churches are cutting down the expenses of choirs.

The Supreme Court of Arkansas has decided that railroad lands are subject to taxation.

All mankind loves a lover. A love letter of Sir Philip Sidney was sold last week for $200.

Private Dalzell says he will accept the Republican Vice Presidential nomination. We doubt it.

Not a single murder has occurred in Iceland for a period of fifty years. The people are cool-blooded.

Postmaster General Jewell positively denies the published statement that he contemplates resigning.

Do you know that a few live fish, pickerel or trout, will keep a well or cistern entirely free from vermin and bugs?

Spinal meningitis has attacked horses. A New York turfman lost a fine span of colts worth $6,000, by this disease, the other day.

The expedition against Sitting Bull "the bad" left Fort Abraham Lincoln on Wednesday. It is commanded by General Terry.

Hawaiian Island Commissioners are taking testimony in behalf of the islanders who suffered by the depredations of the Shenandoah.

A national literature is slowly but surely being created in Russia, and novels with a didactic purpose seem to be especially a feature of it.

Virginia papers report fine wheat prospects, a reduced acreage of corn in consequence of large stock on hand, a peach crop of unusual excellence, etc.

The great work of improvement begun at Hempstead Plains, L. I., by the late A. T. Stewart, is to be carried forward by Judge Hilton and Mrs. Stewart.

Important amendments to the Maryland law regulating the business of foreign insurance companies and other foreign corporations in that State have just gone into effect.

Dom Pedro reached St. Louis just in the nick of time to enjoy a fashionable sensation, produced by the elopement of a clergyman with the wife of a leading porkpacker.

Slim audiences are the almost invariable rule at Beecher's lectures. At Baltimore, last week, the house was only about one-fifth filled, and a good many dead-heades at that.

The Harvard College library is threatened with an inroad of white ants, which, when they make a determined attack, can completely destroy a big library, or even a building.

In a certain drug store of this city may be seen a notice recommending a certain patent medicine with the dubious heading, "Try the box; no other medicine will ever be taken."

There is a fishy story abroad of a resident of Hyde-Park-on-Hudson, who has put a small leviathan, in the shape of a nine foot sturgeon, into harness and made it draw his pleasure boat.

The Boston *Globe* thinks that "Boston Young Men's Christian Association" could be cut down to "Bymca." On this principle the "Daily and Weekly *Globe*," should be made to read "The *Dawg*."

"Westward the course of empire takes it way." Several prominent New York and Boston dry goods, boot and shoe and grocery dealers talk of transferring their business to Chicago next fall.

A New Hampshire woman who put a small deposit in a saving bank, many years ago, and forgot all about it, has been recently notified that it amounts to $2,000, and that she must take it away.

Railroad building is experiencing a revival. Thus far the present year there have been built, according to report, 532 miles as against 220 miles for the same period in 1875, 375 miles in 1874 and 654 in 1873.

Last Friday night a terrific hurricane struck Red River station, in Montague county, Texas, and demolished every house in the town. The roof of one house was blown a distance of three miles across Red river into the Indian Territory.

PENNSYLVANIA OIL REGIONS.

Letter From Parker—Feeling of Confidence in the Future Among Producers—New Wells Coming in, but no Big Ones—Railroad Work Lot.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.
PARKER CITY, May 18, 1876.

While exporters have been holding off in the expectation that the oil market would decline, producers, especially those having large capital invested, who have been thoroughly well informed as to the production and the probabilities, at least in the near future, have felt well grounded confidence in the prospect of an advance in prices, as soon as the export trade should set in. The fact that a new well coming in with a very moderate production, induces producers to secure leases of adjoining territory, without loss of time, is quite significant. The Cross well, on the Humes farm, which came in doing about ten or fifteen barrels, although located within a few rods of another on the same property, which had been pumping moderately for about three years, caused so much excitement that territory was immediately secured in every direction, in that vicinity. On the Logan farm, in the Clarion district, the new Willoughby well, tubed on Monday, flowed nicely with every indication of proving good for from thirty to forty barrels a day. Another rig is building near it, and three others are to be put up immediately, in as close proximity as the boundaries of the lease will admit.

In the times of the fourth sand belt excitement, such a strike would have attracted very little, if any, attention; and, in fact, in the resulting over production, with stocks constantly increasing and oil selling at the wells for one-third of the actual cost of producing it, such a well would have been of very small account to its owners. The indications, on every hand, point to a more healthy condition of things for the trade and general prosperity in the oil regions from the absolute necessity of a larger number of wells as the average production continues to decrease, with constantly augmenting demand for the staple from both home and foreign markets.

On the Gould farm, below St. Joe, Richard Jennings has recently completed a new well which, from present appearances, will be good for fifty barrels a day.

The Overy well, on the Geible farm, struck the sand on Tuesday night, and will apparently be a more than average producer.

On the Easterling farm the Caldwell & Overy well, which was struck last week and tubed on Saturday, commenced doing about seventy barrels a day, and holds up its production encouragingly at present.

Hunter & Cummings' new well, on the William Crawford farm, has made a few small flows. The indication appears in favor of a small well. It is located within a short distance of the once famous Lady Hunter well, and is nearly through the sand.

On the Fletcher farm Brawley & Bullcook's well struck the sand on Tuesday. The indications, at present, point to a moderate producer, probably from twenty to thirty barrels a day.

H. L. Taylor & Co.'s new well, on the Helper farm, is in the sand and showing for nothing more than a fair producing well.

On the McClyman's farm the Bell well, which was recently drilled to the fourth sand, has been torpedoed, but without any satisfactory results to the owners.

The Salsbury well, on the Banks farm, is drilling in the sand with rather unfavorable indications. In the immediate vicinity the Sylvan well, owned by Mr. Salsbury, struck two years ago, yielded handsomely, and it seemed natural that better indications should have resulted, in the present instance, than have proved to be the case.

Considerable mystery attaches to the Howe & Karns well, on the Riddle farm, and conjecture is ripe as to its status. But anxious inquirers are compelled to await the result of developments, and content themselves with a knowledge of the fact that operations are still progressing.

In the Clarion district Lodom & Patterson's new well, on the Joseph Kiser farm, is doing in the neighborhood of thirty barrels a day. Within fifty yards is another well, owned by Miller & Akin, which was struck last month, and is doing only from five to ten barrels daily.

Murray & Co.'s new well, on the George Kiser farm, commenced pumping Monday, and yesterday quite satisfactorily. It is producing at present about twenty barrels a day.

The contracts for grading the extension of the Parker and Karns City Railroad, from Karns City to Millerstown, will be signed this week. Several experienced contractors have been over the route and made their estimates on the work. Operations will probably be commenced next week, and thus employment be given to a large number of men willing and able to work.

PERSONAL.

"Robert Taylor, the tramp and the suspected murderer of poor Emily Holland, of Shoeburn," has been on exhibition at Newcastle, England, and has "greatly improved in cut of the crime, and the present interest in him must be due to his narrow escape from hanging.

A New York undertaker confesses his repugnance to a corpse. His assistants do the work of preparing the dead for burial, and he dislikes even to enter the room where there is a dead body. Yet this person has "undertaken" for one of the oldest churches in New York twenty years.

A Philadelphian writes to the papers that the freedom of American women in frequenting the streets of cities unattended, even after dark, is all Greek to the foreigners visiting the Exhibition, and that the latter presume upon their character, or lack of character, in consequence. In that case, the only proper treatment to accord the impudent "gentleman" would be to turn him over to the police to have his error explained to him or corrected by more summary process. The liberty of the streets is a privilege which no right mind will be lightly surrendered by American women under any circumstances. The fact that they are only open to insult when alone throws them on their own hands largely the responsibility for the preservation of their privilege.

A few years ago there was a young, bright, good looking mulatto acting in the capacity of waiter at the Delevan House, Albany. He was courteous and affable to everybody, and so received many perquisites and little sums which were carefully hoarded. To-day Adam Blake, for that was his name, is the proprietor of one of the two most fashionable hotels in that city—Congress Hall—where the Senators and Judges of the Court of Appeals board, and where the wealthy visitors to the city generally stop. The host presides, and conducts things with the dignity of the most aristocratic white landlord. The hotel is located in close proximity to the Capitol. It may seem a little strange that a colored man should be the proprietor of one of the first-class hotels, in that old aristocratic city, which gives a heavy Democratic majority at the polls. Yet such is the fact. It only shows that the man with sable skin, given a chance, can paddle his own canoe as well as his white brother.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents. A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Sloick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz.
Chas. G. Minor, Secretary and Treasurer.
SOLICITOR—John H. Bailey.

NATIONAL
INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN.....President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON.....Secretary.

FIRE ASSOCIATION,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1820.
Cash Assets Jan. 1, 1876, $3,561,932 34
This Old and Reliable Company
INSURES FROM LOSS BY FIRE,
AT EQUITABLE RATES.
Losses in Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia adjusted and paid by
SWEARINGEN & McCANDLESS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
94 Fourth Avenue.

WILLIAM HEATON,
(Late John Thornley's.)
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES,
India Rubber and Gutta Percha Goods,
503 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SALE.
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
IN GOOD ORDER.
APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

CANDIDATES!

FOR CONGRESS,
22D DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT,
Of Robinson Township,
Subject to the Republican Nominating Convention.

FOR CONGRESS,
23D DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE.
Subject to the decision of the Nominating Convention.

FOR SENATE,
43D SENATORIAL DISTRICT,
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM,
SECOND WARD, PITTSBURGH.
Subject to the Republican Senatorial Nominating Convention.

FOR STATE SENATE,
43D DISTRICT,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON,
Of Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh.
Subject to decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
C. A. W. REDLICH, M. D.,
Of the Borough of Sharpsburg.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOSEPH A. STONE,
Of McKeesport,
5TH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY,
Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
W. J. GLENN,
Chartiers borough, late Captain Company E, 61st Regiment P. V.
Subject to the decision of the forthcoming Republican County Convention.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. B. COURSIN,
Of McKeesport.
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

DRY GOODS

James Caldwell & Co.

Invite special attention to their Spring opening, which will be found unusually attractive:

LADIES' SPRING SUITS

In great variety of styles and materials, ranging in price from Five to Fifty Dollars.

Ladies' Embroidered, Braided and Trimmed

OVERDRESSES & COSTUMES,

In Black Cashmere and Drap D'Ete.

Black Cashmere Sacques and Jackets.

Black Silk Sacques and Jackets.

Linen Suits and Costumes.

Black Dress Silks,

From 75 cents to $4 50 per yard.

A choice selection of DRESS SILKS, from 75 cents to $1, in Checks, Bars, Stripes and Plain Colors.

All the new Fabrics in CHECKS, PLAIDS and STRIPES, for Ladies' Spring Suits and Dresses.

BLACK & COLORED CASHMERES.

Black Silk Warp Cashmeres and Henrietts Cloths.

Black Tamise Cloth. Black Grenadines and Berages.

Black Alpacas, Mohair Lustres and Brilliantines.

A large stock of Tamboured Lace Curtains, of our own importation, at less than regular prices.

AGENTS FOR

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.

James Caldwell & Co.,
115 AND 117 FEDERAL STREET,
Allegheny City.

110 Market Street.

The attention of Wholesale Buyers is respectfully invited to our stock of

Dry Goods,
FANCY GOODS,
HOSIERY, LACES, EDGINGS,
TRIMMINGS and NOTIONS,
which is complete, and will be sold at the Lowest Eastern Prices.

C. YEAGER & CO.
MWS

INSURANCE.

SOLID INDEMNITY.

ASSETS.
Atlas, Hartford - $ 511,000
Glenn Falls, N. Y. - 750,000
Germania, N. Y. - 1,700,000
Commercial, N. Y. - 525,000
Security, Conn. - 350,000
Penn Mut Life, Phila 6,000,000

Property Insured Against Fire or Loss or Damage by Lightning.

JOHN D. BIGGERT, AGENT
61 Fourth Avenue.

R. H. PALMER & CO.,
"LIMITED,"
SUCCESSORS TO R. H. PALMER,
WILL CONTINUE THE
Hat, Cap and Fur Business
AT
No. 151 Wood Street,
AND THE
STRAW, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS
AT
No. 105 Market Street

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A ROUGH, COATED TONGUE is a sure sign of a deranged stomach. It is Nature's thermometer, showing how the system is working. In all such cases resort should be had at once to

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient.

It will correct the tongue, by removing from the system the cause of the disturbance. It cures, as by a charm, all who use it.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets, or 49 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
Send for circular.

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY!
CONTAINING CARDS OF
First Class Establishments, in all branches of Business, in Pittsburgh

Apothecaries.
S. S. Holland.....cor. Liberty and Smithfield sts.
Ferd. A. Abel.....173 Wylie ave.
Architects.
Boyd & Gamble.....89 Wood st.
Drum & Steen...n. e. cor. Wood st. & Fifth ave.
Agricultural Implements.
Scobie, Reed & Smith.....137 Liberty st.
Artificial Limbs.
Artificial Limb Mfg. Co., 379 Penn, near 9th st.
Advertising Agents.
J. Weaver & Co.....116 Smithfield st.
Attorneys-at-Law.
J. H. Stevenson.....104 Fifth ave.
Bridge Works.
Iron City Bridge Works.....Office, 196 Penn st.
Boots and Shoes.
J. H. Borland & Co...53 & 55 Wood, & 95 5th av.
Broker in Stocks and Bonds.
Geo. B. Hill.....100 Fourth ave.
Belting.
Thorp & Co., No. 144 Water street, dealers in Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose and Oils, of every description.
Banks.
Allegheny National.....33 Fifth ave.
Central.....47 Fifth ave.
Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.....61 Fourth ave.
Commission Merchants.
Elwood & McCracken, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds and Wool. 54th Liberty street.
Robt. F. Weldell.....347 Liberty st.
Carriage Manufacturers.
Louis Giesenkamp & Co., successors to C. West & Co., 75, 77, 79 Liberty st. and 92 Penn ave.
Champagne, Wines and Liquors.
E. H. Lubbers.....886 Fifth ave.
Dentists.
Greenawalt & Nelson.....11 Wylie ave
Dyeing and Scouring.
M. May.....56 Sixth ave., above Smithfield st.
Furniture.
Close, Schoeneck & Co....Penn ave. and Tenth st.
James Milliken & Co.....89 Smithfield st
Foundries.
Totten & Co....Twenty fourth and Railroad sts.
A. Garrison & Co.....33 Wood st
Fences, Wrought Iron.
Lauderbach & Co.....33 and 34 Water st.
Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.
Walter E. Hague.....126 and 128 Wood st.
Gold Leaf and Walnut Frames.
J. H. Miller.....70 Fifth ave.
Hotels.
Central...Second to Third ave., on Smithfield st.
Union Depot Hotel.....Union Depot
Saint James.....403 405 and 407 Liberty st
House and Sign Painters.
John T. Gray.....54 Diamond st.
Wesley Collier.....236 Penn ave
John D. McFarland.....78 Fourth ave
Iron Fences.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips....91 & 93 Water street.
Insurance Offices.
Manufacturers and Merchants'.....97 Wood st.
Western.....cor. Fifth ave. and Wood st.
Monongahela.....cor. Wood st. and Fourth ave.
Citizens'.....96 Fourth av.
People's.....100 Fourth ave
Lubricating Oils.
Grim Brothers, Excelsior Oils.....236 Penn ave
Lamps.
J. F. Smith, Son & Co.....189 Liberty st.
Leather and Shoe Findings.
Daniel Kinzer.....80 Smithfield st.
Merchant Tailors.
Walter Anderson.....1 Fifth ave.
Henry Smith & Sons.....98 Wylie ave.
Marble Works.
John Wilkins, Jr.....398 Penn ave.
Manifes, Furnaces and Grates.
L. H. Smith & Co.....49 Sixth st.
Mechanical Photographers.
J. T. Bassford.....10½ Sixth st. (late St. Clair)
Notions and Trimmings.
Rosenbaum & Co., 78 and 80 Market st. Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Gent's Furnishing Goods a specialty. Buys and sell close for cash only.
Newspapers.
The Commercial.....70 Fifth ave.
Printers, Stationers, &c.
S. Reed Johnston & Co....Wood st., cor. Liberty
Printers and Blank Book Makers.
Bakewell & Marthens.....71 Grant st.
W. P. Bennett, Jr.....Wood st., and 19 Diamond
A. Matthias, 9 and 11 Seventh st., (Late Irwin.
Park Packers.
Reese Owens & Co.....21 Seventh ave.
Wm. B. Hays & Son.....281 and 283 Liberty st
Photographers.
Trevor McClure.....3 and 4 Sixth st,
Patent Agents.
A. C. Johnston.....92 Diamond st.
Planing Mill and Lumber.
S. Logan.....cor. Penn and 36th st.
Queensware Manufacturers.
E. Webster & Co. L. S. Layton, Agt., 325 Liberty
Real Estate Agents.
H. R. McClellan.....188 Liberty st.
C. Berringer.....116 Smithfield st.
Isaac M. Peacock.....111 Fourth ave.
John A. Carothers.....102 Fourth ave., 2d floor.
Railroads.
Pennsylvania Railroad.....Union Depot
Pgh., Cin. & St. L. R. R.....Union Depot.
Pgh., Ft. W. & Chi. R. R.....Union Depot.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.....Union Depot
Allegheny Valley R. R.....Union Depot
Pgh. & Connellsville R. R.....Grant & Water sts
Steam Lithographic Printing.
Armor, Fearhake & Co.....26 and 28 Sixth st
Silk Hat Manufacturers.
J. McKalb.....180 Wood st.
Stoves, &c.
H. Anshutz & Son.....314 Liberty st
Bash, Door and Blind Factory.
Ames Lewis.....cor. Seventh ave. and Grant st.
Steel Stamps and Stencils.
John D. Matthews.....73 Third ave
W. A. Bausman & Co.....149 Liberty st
Stuffed Birds and Animals.
J. D. Shaw, Taxidermist.....225 Penn ave.
Steam Pump Manufacturers.
Epping, Carpenter & Co.....cor. Penn and 33d st
Steel Manufacturers.
Singer, Nimick & Co.....62 Water st
Park, Bros. & Co.....Penn ave. and Ross st.
Anderson & Woods, cor. Ross st. and First ave
Pittsburgh Steel Casting Co, 56th & Railroad sts.
Toys and Fancy Goods.
Grove & Hair, Dealer in Notions, Toys, Fancy Goods, Baskets, Satchels, Children's Carriages, Brushes, &c.....120 Wood street.
Vermin Exterminator.
Chas. Abel & Co., manufacturer.....Pittsburgh
Wax Flower Shades.
W. C. Armor.....16 Sixth st.
Wholesale Clothiers.
Kaufman, Oppenheimer & Co.....223 Liberty st.
Watt & Shand.....Wood street.
Watt, Lang & Co.....172 and 174 Wood st
Wood Turning and Stair Building.
W. H. Roessle & Co...953 Penn ave., near 36th st.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing between F. Prentice, S. B. Harbour and S. A. Wheeler, under the firm name of PRENTICE, HARBOUR & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. B. Barbour having retired from said firm.

F. PRENTICE,
J. B. HARBOUR,
S. A. WHEELER.

Millerstown, Butler county, Pa., May 18, 1876.

THE BUSINESS OF THE FIRM WILL be continued hereafter under the name of Prentice & Wheeler.

F. PRENTICE,
S. A. WHEELER.

FATTENING! INVIGORATING!

BARON VON LIEBIG'S
LIQUID
MEAT
EXTRACT.

One wineglass containing the nutriment of one-half pound of Fresh Beef. This is the only Extract ready for use with all the benefits of the solid Extract without its nauseating effects.

CONTAINS ONLY

Pure Sherry Wine and Beef.

Endorsed by all prominent physicians.

CAUTION.—See that the Liquid Extract is in pint bottles, white and gold labels.

PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE.

All Druggists, Grocers and Hotels have it.

U. S. DEPOT:

C. H. EVANS & CO.,
107 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—WHOLESALE AGENTS.—Applications only received from reliable Wholesale Houses.

UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
17 and 19 Warren Street, N. Y.

Statement, January 1st, 1876.

Accumulated Assets . . . $5,491,635
Gross Liabilities, including reserve 4,834,182
Surplus Jan. 1st, 1876 . 657,453
Annual Income 3,391,645
Policies issued dur'g 1875. 6,408
Amount of new Insurance . 14,575,219
Amount of Ins. in force . . 35,907,240

OFFICERS.
WILLIAM WALKER, President.
HENRY J. FURBER, Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY, Secretary.
GEORGE L. MONTAGUE, Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, Medical Examiner.

AGENCY DEPARTMENT.
CHARLES P. GRIFFIN, General Manager.
SAMUEL I. KNIGHT, Superintendent.

DRY GOODS.

1876.

Large Arrivals of Ke

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Fed eral Street, Alleg heny, Pa.

By most advantageous purchases made this week in Eastern markets, we are now receiving and opening a very beautiful line of Summer Dress Goods, Silks, &c., at lower prices than have been made in many years.

Special attention is invited to the very large assortment of

DRESS SILKS

OPENED TO-DAY.

Three popular prices we ask special attention to:

AT $1 00,

an extra Gros Grain Black Silk, considered extra good value at $1 25.

AT $1 25,

a very fine Gros Grain Black Dress Silk, worth really $1 50. And

AT $1 50,

a very superior Gros Grain Black Silk, such as has never been offered under $1 75.

Also a complete new assortment of fine Gros Grain Black Silks up to $5 00 per yard, and an inspection will show them to be fully one-fourth to one-third less than any heretofore offered.

It has never been our pleasure to exhibit such an extended line of

COLORED SILKS

(just opened to-day) in all the newest colorings, for promenade wear, from

$1 TO $2 50 PER YARD.

Another very choice assortment of Light, Fancy

CHECKED AND STRIPED SILKS

and Mourning Checked and Striped Silks in great variety, at very low prices.

Feeling assured that this opening of Silks is the finest and best value ever placed on our counters, it is with pleasure we respectfully ask an examination.

Every Department h as been REPLENISHED with N

DRY GOODS

ANNOUNCEMENT.

G. Schleiter,
89 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.

Owing to recent large Auction Sales in the East, we are enabled to offer on unusually favorable terms the best assorted stocks of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC

Dress Goods

Ever brought to this city, and at prices that will, beyond a doubt, insure to us the rapid sales so justly merited. Among the offerings we enumerate Full Lines, Beautiful Quality

Striped Silks,

Black and White, Gold and Black, Gray and Black, of excellent quality and warranted pure Silk only, at 75 cents. Also, large lot extra heavy BLACK GROS GRAIN at $1, one of the best bargains ever offered. Also, full lines BLACK GROS GRAINS from $1 12½ to $4, of the most reliable Silk and pure Lyons Goods.

Our Stock of Dress Goods was never so replete with bargains, and a visit and inspection will convince the most skeptical.

Suits! Suits! Suits!

NEATLY TRIMMED AND OF EXQUISITE DESIGN.

At $1 00, Overskirt and Basque, neatly trimmed.
At $2 00, Complete Suit, trimmed in brown and black.
At $2 50, Complete Suits, neatly trimmed.
At $3 50, Silk Complete Suits.
At $5 00, Complete Suits, Embroidered.

We can unhesitatingly guarantee Choice stock, comprising the newest and latest designs in elegant Linen Baptiste Embroidered Suits and Basques, with Overskirts.

Parasols

AND SUN UMBRELLAS, all the latest styles at popular prices.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

ACCEPT THIS INVITATION

TO CALL AND SEE OUR

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HENRY SMITH & SONS,
98 Wylie Avenue.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL!

We take pleasure in informing our patrons that we have removed to our NEW WAREHOUSE,

NO. 125 LIBERTY STREET,

Two doors below our old location. We have in stock a full assortment of

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS,

Of the crop of 1875, and will fill large or small orders on our usual favorable terms. Our stock of

Farming and Garden Implements

Cannot be surpassed, and we offer them at prices as low as they can be furnished by any other house in the trade. Call and see us. We keep what we advertise and sell what we keep.

FARM AND SPRING WAGONS.

And feel confident we can supply what has long been needed, viz: A FIRST CLASS FARM WAGON, at prices to suit the times. Thanking our customers for their liberal patronage in the past, we hope to merit the same in our new location.

SAMUEL HARE & SON.

REMOVAL.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.,
Broom Manufacturers & Paper Dealers,

Having been burned out at their old establishment, No. 362 Penn avenue, have removed to

NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,

Where they will be pleased to meet their friends and customers.

REMOVAL.

NIEMANN & AHLERS,
Merchant Tailors,

And Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Have removed to No. 101 SMITHFIELD STREET, third door from Fifth avenue, Howard Block.

National Life Insurance Co. of U.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 19, 1876.

The low standard of mercantile honor shown during the past year in frequent cases of fraudulent bankruptcy, is now obtaining a wider notice in the public press of other cities than ever before. The attention of the subject in Pittsburgh has almost died out, but it will do no harm to review the features of the discussion elsewhere. The most sensible view with reference to the matter is that expressed by leading merchants in the Eastern hardware trade. This view is that wholesale dealers owe it to their honorable customers to prevent all such competition as is made possible by thirty per cent. compositions; and that the speediest way to the restoration of a sound business in the future is that expressed in the late A. T. Stewart's motto, "No compromise with insolvents." This principle is, of course, subject to modification in the case of honorable men who have met with business misfortunes not to be prevented by prudence and foresight. But more can be done toward elevating the standard of commercial morals, not only by exercising a strict supervision of all applications for composition in bankruptcy, but also by refusing credit or countenance to all men whose business record is tainted even with a suspicion of dishonorable avoidance of mercantile obligations. The business public should understand that they are the real guardians of business morality, and can by example and practice, do more than any other power to remedy the existing evils.

We do not sympathize with the movement for the total repeal of the Bankrupt law. That measure is the result of a wise and liberal purpose; but amendments are imperatively necessary to prevent its use as a cover for a vast amount of fraud. We have heretofore suggested some of the amendments which we think are requisite in this behalf, and we notice another suggestion made in New York, that the debtor offering less than fifty per cent. should be presumed to be guilty of fraud, and be refused a discharge unless he could show satisfactorily that his assets have been honestly disposed of. This, says the *Times*, does not seem an unreasonable requirement. Under honest and reasonably prudent management no man's assets in regular business can be reduced below 50 per cent. of his liabilities without his knowing the course of events long before the end approaches. When such knowledge is had, it is an abuse of confidence which cannot readily be explained, much less excused, for a debtor to go on using up what is nominally his, but really his creditors' property, until there is only half of it left. When such an abuse exists, it is hardly asking too much of a debtor to show that he is innocent of fraud. He can do it far more easily than his creditors can prove by the ordinary rules of evidence that he is guilty. Indeed there may be a moral certainty of the latter fact, such as would satisfy any dozen merchants of experience, and yet it may be impossible to establish it by evidence which a court will admit. Practically the only testimony on the subject must come from the debtor's books, and there are many ways by which he can conceal the truth in these.

One reason why we oppose the total repeal of the Bankrupt law is that it contains provisions for the criminal prosecution of fraudulent bankruptcy, which, if enforced, would severely punish many acts of a criminal character that have been committed. Heretofore these provisions have been suffered to fall into disuse by reason of the disinclination of creditors to insitute criminal prosecutions; but the provisions are there, and we hear of one or two instances in which they are being enforced. We also think that they might be made of service in suppressing a form of rascality for which Pittsburgh is unpleasantly notorious. The bogus commission merchants whose unpunished rascality has heretofore attracted much attention, frequently commit acts of bankruptcy which bring them under the perview of the United States law; and we think that proceedings against them would demonstrate the fact that they have made themselves liable to its criminal provisions, under which they can be punished with imprisonment for a term as long as three years. If this conjectural opinion is correct, the United States law may be made a most valuable agent in suppressing this especial form of swindling. At all events, we hope that whatever is done to improve our system of bankrupt legislation, will be accomplished by amendment, so as to retain the good features of the law.

—We notice a report of a decision by the Supreme Court upon the subject of usurious interest which is not without importance to the business public. The case was that of the Miners' Bank of Pottsville *vs.* John N. Roseberr, and the statement of the points involved is as follows: The bank loaned certain sums to a business firm, charging more than the legal rate of interest, and upon the failure of the borrowers they obtained judgment for their claim, usurious interest included. Certain real estate of the bankrupt firm was sold subject to the lien of the judgment against the owners, and it was purchased by the defendant. The plaintiffs then endeavored to collect from the latter, who was also a creditor of the firm, the amount of the judgment. He, however, resisted its payment in full, alleging that merely the amount loaned with legal interest could be recovered. This view was sustained by the Common Pleas of Schuylkill county, where the case was heard and the plaintiff's claim restricted to the amount defendant alleged could only be recovered. This judgment the Supreme Court, in an opinion by Mercur, J., reverses, holding that as the defendant bought the property subject to the judgment he should pay the full amount thereof. As to the question of usurious interest the opinion says:

The act of May 28, 1858, made a radical change in the consequences flowing out of the receipt of more than six per cent. per annum. It repealed all former laws imposing a penalty. The first section still makes six per cent. the lawful rate of interest. The second section recognizes the actual business wants, habits and customs of the people. It assumes a greater rate may be charged and paid. It therefore declares that, if it shall be reserved or contracted. The debtor shall not be required to pay the excess. At his option he may retain or deduct it from the amount of his debt, or if he has voluntarily paid the whole or the excess of interest, he may recover the excess by instituting legal proceedings not more than six months after its payment. No longer can a stranger to the transaction, by a *qui tam* action, work the forfeit of the whole. The statute proposes to deal only with the parties to the proceedings. The debtor may elect whether he will withhold the excess or recover back within the time limited. Failing so to do within the time specified he has no remedy. No party informer can interfere either before or after the payment. The defendants in the judgment—the borrowers of the money—having expressed themselves as satisfied, the Court holds that the purchaser of real estate subject to the judgment, based upon it cannot question the legality of the rates of interest paid by the borrowers of the sums out of which the judgment grew.

—The following stocks were sold last evening at Thomas F. Stewart's Real Estate and Stock Sales Rooms, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street:

First National Bank, Wellsville, Ohio	$90 00
Second National Bank, Wellsville, Ohio	89 00
South Pittsburgh Planing Mill	5 00

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

May 19, 1876.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	112¾	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	122¾	122¾			
5-20's, 1865, reg	119½	119½			
5-20's, 1865, registered	119½	119½			
5-20's, 1867, coup	121¼	121¼			
5-20's, 1867, registered	120½	120½			
5-20's, 1868, coup	122½	122¾			
10-40's	117⅜	117⅜			
10-40's, coupon	117⅜	117⅜			
Currency 6's	127	127			
New 4½ per cents	108¾	108¾			
Western Union Tel	65½	66	65½	65⅝	65⅝
Quicksilver					34
Pacific Mail	21	22¾	22	21⅝	22¼
Panama		107			
Adams Express			107		
Wells-Fargo Express		88	87½		
American Express		50	49½		
United States Express		70	69		
New York Central	119	119⅛	118¾		119
Erie	15¾	15⅝	15⅜		14¾
Michigan Central	93	93	92		93
Michigan Southern	53¾	53½	53½	53⅝	53¾
Illinois Central		94	94		
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	92¾	92	92		
Chicago & Northwest	40				
Do. preferred	69			59	58
Rock Island	106¾	106¾	106¾		106¾
St. Paul common	36½				36½
Do. preferred	64½				65
Wabash common		27¾	27¾		
Fort Wayne	108	108	108		
Ohio & Mississippi	17½	18¼	18¼		
Union Pacific	58¾	58	58		58½
Harlem	139	139	139		
Hannibal & St. Joe	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Atlantic & Pacific					
Iron Mountain	24½				24½
C. C. & I. C	20	18			20
Missouri Pacific		95			
South Carolina, ap		3½			4½
South Carolinas, 3ds		34			
Missouri 6's		106¾			

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 112⅝.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Money closed easy at 2½@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@6 per cent. Customs receipts $224,000. Assistant Treasurer disbursed $321,000. Clearings $22,000,000. Sterling 488¼@488¾.

GOLD.

Gold advanced to 112¾ declined to 112⅝ and closed at 112⅝. Carrying rates 1@2 per cent. Loans also made flat.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds firm. Railroad bonds quiet but lower for New Jersey Central convertible, Union Pacific sinking fund, Michigan Central sevens and St. Paul, La Crosse division. State securities dull; Tennessee new better. The stock market has been exceedingly irregular with alternate spasms of strength and depression. Pacific Mail was less active than yesterday, although the stock still continues prominent and the street is much puzzled as to the probable result of the pending meeting. The opening sales were at 21, from which point there was an advance to 22, when the price broke to 21¾. This was followed by a recovery to 22¾ and a subsequent reaction to 21¾. Yesterday prices were worth ½ to ¾ per cent. and to-day the stock was loaning at 2@3 per cent. for carrying. There was another break in coal roads, New Jersey Central declining 3 per cent. from 88 to 83; subsequently the stock rallied to 83½. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western dropped from 105¾ to 105, New Jersey Central recovered to 84, with last sales at 83¾, which was ¾ per cent. below the opening price. The continued depression in coal roads brings out investment stock and has an unsettling influence on the general market. Pacific Mail advanced just before the close to 22¾ and closed at that price. The two extremes of the day were 21 and 22. There was nothing positively new in regard to the stock, although there were many rumors afloat. The *Graphic* says the Western Union Telegraph Company will on Monday next make several reductions in tolls to conform to the late reduction made by the Atlantic and Pacific Company. Transactions 143,000 shares, of which 25,000 were Pacific Mail, 20,000 Western Union, 13,000 Erie, 35,000 Lake Shore, 6,000 Michigan Central, 7,000 New Jersey Central and 5,000 Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.			
W. U. Telegraph	65¾	St. Paul	36¾
Quicksilver	15	Do. preferred	65½
Do. preferred	20	Toledo & Wabash	7
Mariposa	5	Do. preferred	12
Do. preferred	6½	Ft. Wayne	108½
Adams Express	107½	Terre Haute	3¼
Wells-Fargo Ex	87½	Do. preferred	14
American Ex	50	Chicago & Alton	98
U. S. Express	70	Do. preferred	105
New York Central	119	Ohio & Mississippi	18½
Erie	15¾	Del. & Lack'a'na	105
Do. preferred	19	Atlantic & P. Tel	17¾
Harlem	139	Missouri Pacific	113½
Do. preferred	133	Atlantic & P. pref	31
Mich. Central	93	Indiana Central	4½
Panama	108½	Burlington & Q	117
Lake Shore	53½	Hannibal & St. Jo	18¾
Illinois Central	95¼	Union Pacific stock	58½
Cleveland & Pitts	91½	Central Pac. bonds	95¾
Northwestern	39½	Union Pac. bonds	105
Do. preferred	64½	Do. land grants	99¾
C. & N. W. bonds		Do. sink fund	88½
N. J. Central	83¾	Pacific Mail	22¾
Rock Island	106¼		

GOVERNMENTS.			
U. S. coupons, 1881	122¾	New 5's	117¾
5-20's, 1865	119	10-40's, registered	118½
5-20's, 1865, new	119½	10-40's, coupons	118½
5-20's, 1867	121¼	Currency 6's	127
5-20's, 1868	123½		

STATE BONDS.			
Tennessee, old	44	Virginia, old	31
Tennessee, new	42	Missouri 6's	105½
Virginia, new	31		

LONDON, May 19, 5 P. M.—Consols 95 7-16. United State bonds—5-20's, '65, 105½; do '67, 107½; 10-40's, 103¾; new 5's, 106¾. Railroad securities—New York Central 99; Erie 13¾; preferred 29¾. Private telegrams from Buenos Ayres announce the failure of the Bank of Buenos Ayres, has suspended specie payments. Numerous failures following that of a private bank, have occurred. Argentine bonds fell heavily in consequence. The amount of the bullion in the Bank of England on balance to-day is £1,000,000 more than last week.

PARIS, May 19.—Rentes 106 francs 22½ centimes.

FRANKFORT, May 18.—United States bonds—New 5's 102¾.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—Gold 112¾@113. Sight exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium. Sterling exchange 532.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—N. & A. Fachirie, large Greek cotton dealers, have suspended. Liabilities unknown.

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, May 19, 1876.

Notwithstanding the partial check given to business by the wet and unpleasant weather this morning, a fair volume of trade was done in several of the leading branches, while others were sluggish. Among the former were groceries, provisions, flour, dry goods, boots and shoes and cognate lines of jobbing trade, while grain and produce dealings generally were rather quiet. The important features in the produce trade were the temporary scarcity and sharp upward movement in potatoes. These were due to diminished supply and firm, while butter was dull and weak. The flour market was very firm and some dealers seem to be expecting higher prices. In grain, groceries and provisions there was no decided alteration.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce in this city since our last are as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,813	Cheese, pkgs	182
Corn, bu s	1,703	Butter, pkgs	31
Wheat, bus	1,800	Bacon, tcs	22
Rye, bus	800	Potatoes, bus	110
Oats, bus	4,032	Hay, bales	330

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator.

Produce and Breadstuffs.

BUTTER—The demand being largely supplied by peddlers' wagons the trade of the commission houses in this line is very much limited and the market was dull. Most of the business to-day was in slid packed for which 20c was a top price, the offerings of choice being small at that figure. Nominally we quote choice rolls at 12@14c ₩ lb; prime to good packed 10@20c; lower grades quite variable.

CHEESE—There is no active business in prime new factory, the demand being confined to jobbing lots. Prices are quotably unchanged but there is a distinct and general tendency to a rather easy tendency. We quote New York Cheese at 13½@14c; prime Ohio factory, 10½@11c; part skims 9½@10c for prime; lower grades are largely available.

DRIED FRUITS—There is a quiet and rather nominal market. We quote common to choice apples at 4@5½c; sliced, 5@6½c; peaches—halves 11@12c; peeled 18@20c; evaporated 20@22c; blackberries 10@12c. Huckleberries 15@16c. Raspberries 20@23c. Cherries, pitted, 24@26c; unpitted 8@9c per ₩.

EGGS—There again a rather limited supply and the market was firm. We quote at 12½@13c ₩ dozen for strictly fresh with the tendency upward.

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—The market was dull and weak with a downward tendency. Strawberries were slow and easy at 20@25c ₩ quart. Radishes ruled at 35c ₩ dozen, and new onions at 75c ₩ dozen. New Bermuda onions were quoted at $2 00@2 25 ₩ crate. Bermuda tomatoes were scarce at 80@90c ₩ box.

FLOUR—The market is very firm and while there is no quotable advance, dealers say that there must be one soon, as they are simply turning their money over by selling at cost. Choice spring wheat flours are especially firm in sympathy with the advance in wheat at Chicago. The rates current are as follows for the most reliable trade of our local millers: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 75 ₩ barrel; No. 1 amber do $7 25; red do, $6 75; graham do, 50 sacks 25c off ₩ barrel. The jobbing brands of the leading dealers for standard brands of flours are stated as follows: Low to choice brands of winter wheat flour $7 00@7 25; white wheat $7 50@7 75; Minnesota spring $7 25@7 50; choice $7 50@7 75; fancy St. Louis $8 25@8 50; choice patents $8 50@9 00; gilt edge winter wheat flour to choice $9 00@9 25; Graham flour $6 75@7 00; cornmeal 75c ₩ bushel; oatmeal $5 75 ₩ barrel; kegs $3 00. Rye flour $5 00 ₩ barrel.

GRAIN—The prices continues sluggish and limited in volume without quotable alteration in values. Wheat continues firm. We quote choice Michigan white winter at $1 40 @1 45; Pennsylvania and Ohio red winter at 24 @1 26; Northwestern red $1 38@1 40; low grades are dull and neglected at $1 15@1 22; rejected do, 90c@$1 10, as to quality. Corn is quiet and dull, with a weak feeling. We quote shelled do, 58@59c for yellow; 57@58c for white mixed; 55@56c for low mixed. We quote oat at 35@36c for prime yellow; 33@35c for mixed. Oats are about steady. We quote new at 30@31c; white do 42@43c; Western white 43@44c. Barley is quiet and rather nominal; quotations range from 75c@$1 00, as to quality; not much doing. Rye is easy and in liberal supply, at 74@76c ₩ bushel. Jobbing sales rule 2@3c above quotations.

HAY—There is a quiet and steady market. We quote prime Timothy at $18 00@19 00 ₩ ton; No. 2, $16 00@17 00; upland prairie $13 00 @15 00.

MILL FEED—The market is steady. We quote bran firm at $15 00@15 50 ₩ ton; seconds and shipstuff $18 00@19 00; middlings $20 00@21 00; chopped feed $22 00@24 00. Oil meal is jobbing at $2 15@2 25 ₩ cwt.

POTATOES—The decrease in receipts which we have noted for the past week or two, resulted in an advance, simply to-day, and the market took an upward turn. The offerings of prime peachblows, on track, were quite limited, the ruling quotation being $2 50 for peachblows, with some holders at 40c. Business from store was good. Prices for peachblows; 33@35c for Peerless. New Bermuda potatoes were nominal at $2 50@3 00 per bbl. Jersey sweets, rule at $3 50@4 00, with a good demand for prime sound.

Petroleum.

May 18.—The market was steady and firm to-day, with a shade advance between the opening and closing prices. We take from *Stowell's Petroleum Reporter* the following statement of the movements of petroleum during the month of April:

Shipments of Crude from the Oil Regions.

Destination.	Bbls.	Destination.	Bbls.
Philadelphia	72,158	Boston	11,713
Pittsburgh	155,688	Baltimore	8,826
Cleveland	77,233	New York	133,453
Local points	2,959	Reft'd (crude oil)	91,931
Down Ohio river	22,892	Destroyed Ap'l'd	12,762
Total	477,850	Total	630,037

Refined Shipments from Pittsburgh.

Destination.	Bbls.	Destination.	Bbls.
New York	11,469	Baltimore	56,198
Richmond	3,000		
Total	70,665		

From the same source we take the following comparative synopsis of reports for March and April:

	March,	April,
	31 days.	30 days.
Stock at wells	161,782	161,782
Production for month	718,177	701,490
Daily production	23,167	23,383
Producing wells	4,736	4,772
Drilling wells	290	267
Wells in tanks	13,536 196	3,6 3,070
Stock held by refiners	107,231	116,431
Total stock	3,829,259	3,900,703
Total shipments	655,702	630,037

CRUDE—The market opened with a steady feeling and continued so throughout the day. The new well which we reported yesterday on the Barnhard farm, near Greece City, turns out to be something less than a hundred barrel well, and is not regarded as opening up any new territory. The market opened at $1 93½ bid and $1 94½ asked for United. Conduit and Union. It advanced during the morning to $1 95, and so continued during the day. Outside quotations ruled the somewhat more in demand than usual. The offerings were light and the transactions generally through out the day were small. We quote shipment at $2 20@2 22½, with little doing.

REFINED—The market was steady and firm throughout the day without any material alteration in the quoted range of values. The central tone of the day, however, was in the direction of strength, and the aspect of the market is unquestionably more buoyant than it has been for some time past. The opening of the Erie and route puts refiners on an equal footing, and while its very existence with two hundred miles extra transportation, shows the injustice practiced against Pittsburgh interests, it gives our refiners an opportunity to compete for the export trade. We quote standard white at 10@10½c for five hundred and thousand barrel lots, free on board at works; 11¼@11½c in car lots; 11¾@11¾c on barges for shipment to Richland, New York delivery rules at 14@14¼c for prompt and the month. Philadelphia is quoted at 10@10½c for spot. Baltimore rates 11c for prompt. There have been no recent transactions in Richmond delivery, but from reports on that delivery is nominally quoted at about 12½c.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

OIL CITY, May 19.—The *Derrick* says of yesterday's meet: At the opening, the market was $1 93¾ for United. The feeling became firmer and considerable was done at $1 93¾@1 95, these being ruling quotations until two and three o'clock when, in consequence of the report of the striking of the Bird well, there was a decline to $1 92¾. The market immediately strengthened and advanced to $1 95, at which it remained until the close. In the evening $1 95½ was asked. Shipment $2 17½@2 22½. The total sales were 63,000 barrels.

NEW YORK, May 19, closing 13.—Petroleum steady; crude 8½@8¾c; refined 13¾@14c.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Refined petroleum 11¾d; spirits do 7¾@7¾d.

LONDON, May 19.—Spirits of petroleum 7¼d.

ANTWERP, May 19.—Refined petroleum 28 francs.

CLEVELAND, May 19.—Petroleum firm but quiet; standard white, 110 degrees test, 11c; prime white 8½ to 9 test 12c, in car lots, cash.

MOVEMENTS OF PETROLEUM.

Crude receipts Allegheny Valley R. R..... 642
Refined shipments Allegheny Valley R. R..1,032

Lumber and Building Materials.

LUMBER—The business in lumber afloat continues slow and in limited volume. Notwithstanding the material reduction in supply since last season, it seems probable that it will be ample for the demand at the present prices, and some express the opinion that prices will have to come down a notch or two more before the stock moves off freely. Indeed, values are a shade lower than at date of our last report, but sawed lumber is firmer at present, holders being of opinion that the stock in the river will not prove at all in excess of the requirements before the season closes. Quotations for fine timber are at 9@10c per cubic foot, according to quality; hemlock legs 5@7c per cubic foot. Sawed lumber afloat rules at $14 00@17 00 per thousand for good to choice lots; coarse to common lots $10 00@13 00.

There is a steady demand for yard lumber and the passing mill business is very active. The quotations for yard lumber are steady and unchanged, as follows:

Unplaned Lumber.

Clear, ₩ M	$48 0
Second common	25 0
Third common	19 0
Sheeting	15 0
Hemlock joists and scantling	15 0

Planed Lumber.

Clear	$56 0
Flooring boards	28 0
Partition boards	25 0
Shelving, one inch sides	28 0
Shelving on one side	24 0
Molded weather boarding	28 0
Half-inch patent planed	29 0
Half-inch unplaned	27 0
Twelve-inch vertical, with strips	27 0
Oak and yellow pine flooring boards	35 0

Shingle and Lath.

Shingles, eighteen-inch, XXX	$ 4 75
Lath	3 25

LIME AND CEMENT—There is an active demand for the leading brands of cement and lime, and prices rule firm. We quote as follows: Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Phœnix hydraulic cement $1 75@2 00 ₩ bbl; Rosendale cement, $2 25; Portland cement $5 50@7 00; White Lime Co.'s Gilsonburg $1 60@1 70; Fremont $1 60@1 70; Eastern white lime $1 40@1 50 per bbl. Calcined plaster—French $3 50@3 75 ₩ bbl; Eastern brands $3 50@3 75 ₩ bbl; Michigan $3 25@3 50; Western brands $3 00@3 25.

Glass and Glassware.

WINDOW GLASS—The demand for window glass has been quite active for the past few weeks, with a very liberal and satisfactory business. The following circular with reference to discounts has recently been issued by the Executive Committee of the Western Window Glass Manufacturers Association:

"The Executive Committee have this day decided to make the following discounts, to take effect at once: In lots of 200 boxes and over, 30 per cent; in lots under 200 boxes, 45 per cent., without regard to buyer or locality. Terms, cash, 10 days or 2 per cent. for cash in 10 days or 1 per cent. in 30 days.

"We have found it necessary to adopt this classification, in order to prevent a misconstruction of the resolution of March 29th. As we find many in the larger cities have, through this misconstruction, been enabled to buy, in less than car load lots, at lobbers prices to which they are not entitled, thus neutralizing the advantage intended exclusively for the larger buyers.

"This compels any and every one to buy in car loads, when they desire the extreme discount, and in lots under 200 boxes, in car loads, they are only entitled to 45 per cent. discount.

The feeling of the trade is quite firm and the discounts as laid down in the above circular and by the resolutions of March 29th are fairly adhered to. We give below the list prices of the Western association on which were made discounts of 90 per cent. in car loads; 45 per cent on orders of 200 boxes from jobbers; 40 per cent. in less amounts ordered from jobbers; 30 @35 per cent. to small dealers and retailers. Terms sixty days, with 2 per cent. off for cash in ten days.

SIZES.	Single Strength, 24 qual	1st qual	Double strength 1st qual
6x 8 to 7x 9		$3 75	$5 00
8x10 to 8x12	$3 75	4 00	7 00
8x11 to 10x12	4 00	4 50	7 25
8x14 to 10x15	4 25	4 75	7 50
9x16 to 12x15	4 75	5 25	8 50
12x18 to 14x20		5 50	8 75
15x18 to 15x22		6 00	9 50
15x26 to 20x30		6 50	10 50
18x30 to 24x30		7 00	11 25
24x30 to 24x36		7 50	12 00
26x36 to 26x54		8 00	14 00
28x36 to 30x54		9 00	15 00
30x36 to 34x56			17 50
34x58 to 36x60			20 00
38x60 to 40x60			22 50

All sizes over 52 inches in length, and not making 81 united inches, will be charged in 81 united inches for glass of that quality. 10 per cent will be charged for all glass more than 40 inches wide. Orders taken by agents will be subject to approval of manufacturers when received.

GLASSWARE—Discounts on glass ware are given as follows: On druggists' green glass ware 70@75 and 5 per cent.; on druggists' flint prescription, 50 per cent.; on lamp trade, black bottles, 50 and 5 per cent.; flint lamp chimneys, 25 to 33½ per cent.

IRON AND HARDWARE MARKETS, Weekly Review of the Pig Iron and Bloom Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, May 20, 1876.

The pig iron market the past week has been dull and unsatisfactory, the sales being confined entirely to small lots, mostly of low grades and inferior quality.

This may be accounted for in part by the fact that the better grades of standard brands are pretty well sold up, and that whatever stocks of good quality metal are in store here or on hand at furnaces are held at figures than consumers are willing to pay.

As the hot weather approaches the demand for white and mottled irons, and the better grades are becoming scarce, too; but still there seems to be enough to meet every demand yet developed.

Good quality grey forge iron may still be fairly quoted at $21 to $22 50 four months, while the white and mottled sells from $20 to $21 50 four months, as to quality.

We are reported the following sales:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

600 tons grey forge...$19 50 cash to $22 50—4 mos
200 tons mill.....21 00—4 mos

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons No. 1 foundry.....$24 00—4 mos

190 tons Nos. 1 to H, R.....Private terms.

Merchant Bar Iron and Nails.

There is a rather more active feeling in the market for finished irons, and the mills are generally pretty well supplied with orders and the prospect seems favorable for an increased business. Buyers are becoming convinced that no system of operations will be successful in inducing manufacturers to resume the old plan of mutual hari-kari, which was practiced so extensively last winter, and when that fact is held rather more firmly on improved creek, navigation, with the export trade light, irons in bulk is quoted at 85@85c, and 11@11½c in shipping order; refined 105@; cases 175@176; nails 3½c. At Baltimore refined rules at 1.85@1.95c; at Philadelphia 1½c.

FARGO, May 19.—Market dull with nothing doing; United $1 30¾; shipment about $2 25.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Market firm; standard white 14½@14¾c; crude 8¾c; cases 12@c.

ROCHESTER, May 19.—Market firm; held at $2 12½.

TITUSVILLE, May 19.—Market firm; held at $2 12½@2 15.

[By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, May 19.—Petroleum steady; crude 8¾@8¾c; refined 13½@14c; cases 18@21c. Petroleum quiet; crude 8¼@8¾c; refined 13¾@14c.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Refined petroleum 11¾d; spirits do 7¾@7¾d.

LONDON, May 19.—Spirits of petroleum 7¼d.

ANTWERP, May 19.—Refined petroleum 28 francs.

CLEVELAND, May 19.—Petroleum firm but quiet; standard white, 110 degrees test, 11c; prime white 8½ to 9 test 12c, in car lots, cash.

MOVEMENTS OF PETROLEUM.

Crude receipts Allegheny Valley R. R..... 642
Refined shipments Allegheny Valley R. R..1,032

Lumber and Building Materials.

LUMBER—The business in lumber afloat continues slow and in limited volume. Notwithstanding the material reduction in supply since last season, it seems probable that it will be ample for the demand at the present prices, and some express the opinion that prices will have to come down a notch or two more before the stock moves off freely. Indeed, values are a shade lower than at date of our last report, but sawed lumber is firmer at present, holders being of opinion that the stock in the river will not prove at all in excess of the requirements before the season closes. Quotations for fine timber are at 9@10c per cubic foot, according to quality; hemlock legs 5@7c per cubic foot. Sawed lumber afloat rules at $14 00@17 00 per thousand for good to choice lots; coarse to common lots $10 00@13 00.

There is a steady demand for yard lumber and the passing mill business is very active. The quotations for yard lumber are steady and unchanged, as follows:

Unplaned Lumber.

Clear, ₩ M	$48 0
Second common	25 0
Third common	19 0
Sheeting	15 0
Hemlock joists and scantling	15 0

Planed Lumber.

Clear	$56 0
Flooring boards	28 0
Partition boards	25 0
Shelving on one side	24 0
Molded weather boarding	28 0
Half-inch patent planed	29 0
Half-inch unplaned	27 0
Twelve-inch vertical, with strips	27 0
Oak and yellow pine flooring boards	35 0

Shingle and Lath.

Shingles, eighteen-inch, XXX	$ 4 75
Lath	3 25

LIME AND CEMENT—There is an active demand for the leading brands of cement and lime, and prices rule firm. We quote as follows: Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Phœnix hydraulic cement $1 75@2 00 ₩ bbl; Rosendale cement, $2 25; Portland cement $5 50@7 00; White Lime Co.'s Gilsonburg $1 60@1 70; Fremont $1 60@1 70; Eastern white lime $1 40@1 50 per bbl. Calcined plaster—French $3 50@3 75 ₩ bbl; Eastern brands $3 50@3 75 ₩ bbl; Michigan $3 25@3 50; Western brands $3 00@3 25.

Glass and Glassware.

WINDOW GLASS—The demand for window glass has been quite active for the past few weeks, with a very liberal and satisfactory business. The following circular with reference to discounts has recently been issued by the Executive Committee of the Western Window Glass Manufacturers Association:

"The Executive Committee have this day decided to make the following discounts, to take effect at once: In lots of 200 boxes and over, 30 per cent; in lots under 200 boxes, 45 per cent., without regard to buyer or locality. Terms, cash, 10 days or 2 per cent. for cash in 10 days or 1 per cent. in 30 days.

"We have found it necessary to adopt this classification, in order to prevent a misconstruction of the resolution of March 29th. As we find many in the larger cities have, through this misconstruction, been enabled to buy, in less than car load lots, at jobbers prices to which they are not entitled, thus neutralizing the advantage intended exclusively for the larger buyers.

"This compels any and every one to buy in car loads, when they desire the extreme discount, and in lots under 200 boxes, in car loads, they are only entitled to 45 per cent. discount.

The feeling of the trade is quite firm and the discounts as laid down in the above circular and by the resolutions of March 29th are fairly adhered to. We give below the list prices of the Western association on which were made discounts of 90 per cent. in car loads; 45 per cent on orders of 200 boxes from jobbers; 40 per cent. in less amounts ordered from jobbers; 30 @35 per cent. to small dealers and retailers. Terms sixty days, with 2 per cent. off for cash in ten days.

SIZES.	Single Strength, 24 qual	1st qual	Double strength 1st qual
6x 8 to 7x 9		$3 75	$5 00
8x10 to 8x12	$3 75	4 00	7 00
8x11 to 10x12	4 00	4 50	7 25
8x14 to 10x15	4 25	4 75	7 50
9x16 to 12x15	4 75	5 25	8 50
12x18 to 14x20		5 50	8 75
15x18 to 15x22		6 00	9 50
15x26 to 20x30		6 50	10 50
18x30 to 24x30		7 00	11 25
24x30 to 24x36		7 50	12 00
26x36 to 26x54		8 00	14 00
28x36 to 30x54		9 00	15 00
30x36 to 34x56			17 50
34x58 to 36x60			20 00
38x60 to 40x60			22 50

All sizes over 52 inches in length, and not making 81 united inches, will be charged in 81 united inches for glass of that quality. 10 per cent will be charged for all glass more than 40 inches wide. Orders taken by agents will be subject to approval of manufacturers when received.

GLASSWARE—Discounts on glass ware are given as follows: On druggists' green glass ware 70@75 and 5 per cent.; on druggists' flint prescription, 50 per cent.; on lamp trade, black bottles, 50 and 5 per cent.; flint lamp chimneys, 25 to 33½ per cent.

IRON AND HARDWARE MARKETS, Weekly Review of the Pig Iron and Bloom Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, May 20, 1876.

The pig iron market the past week has been dull and unsatisfactory, the sales being confined entirely to small lots, mostly of low grades and inferior quality.

This may be accounted for in part by the fact that the better grades of standard brands are pretty well sold up, and that whatever stocks of good quality metal are in store here or on hand at furnaces are held at figures than consumers are willing to pay.

As the hot weather approaches the demand for white and mottled irons, and the better grades are becoming scarce, too; but still there seems to be enough to meet every demand yet developed.

Good quality grey forge iron may still be fairly quoted at $21 to $22 50 four months, while the white and mottled sells from $20 to $21 50 four months, as to quality.

We are reported the following sales:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

600 tons grey forge...$19 50 cash to $22 50—4 mos
200 tons mill.....21 00—4 mos

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons No. 1 foundry.....$24 00—4 mos

190 tons Nos. 1 to H, R.....Private terms.

Merchant Bar Iron and Nails.

There is a rather more active feeling in the market for finished irons, and the mills are generally pretty well supplied with orders and the prospect seems favorable for an increased business. Buyers are becoming convinced that no system of operations will be successful in inducing manufacturers to resume the old plan of mutual hari-kari, which was practiced so extensively last winter, and when that fact is held rather more firmly on improved creek, navigation, with the export trade light, irons in bulk is quoted at 85@85c, and 11@11½c in shipping order; refined 105@; cases 175@176; nails 3½c. At Baltimore refined rules at 1.85@1.95c; at Philadelphia 1½c.

FARGO, May

CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., Room 58, First National Bank, PITTSBURGH, PA., May 19, 1876.

Time.	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum	Dir.	Force.	Weath.
	WIND.					
7 A. M..	30 118	61	79	N. E.	Gentle	Cloudy
2 P. M..	30 070	65	83	S. E.	Gentle	Cloudy
9 P. M..	30 053	65	89	E.	Gentle	Cloudy

Mean barometer....30.073 Highest thermom....69
Mean thermom.... 61.5 Lowest thermom.....53
Rainfall..... .05

Fire.

The alarm from box 31, about twenty minutes before three this morning, was caused by a small blaze on the roof of a house in Millenberger alley. It was speedily extinguished, and no damage was done.

Matrimonial.

Hon. John C. Newmyer was married, on Thursday evening, to Miss Anna M. McCague, at the residence of the bride's mother, Swissvale, by the Rev. J. B. Dales, D.D., of Philadelphia. The happy couple leave the hearty congratulations of hosts of friends.

Accident to Mr. John Mackin.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. John Mackin, the well known contractor, was thrown from his horse and badly injured. The accident occurred near Mr. Mackin's residence, in Chartiers township. He suffered a compound fracture of the thigh bone, and will be confined to his home, we regret to say, for some time.

A Little Fire.

There was a slight fire last evening, about half-past seven, in the shoe store of King & Bro., No. 168 Wylie avenue, caused, it appears, by a young lady throwing a lighted piece of paper, with which she had been lighting up the show window, into a pile of papers behind the counter. The blaze was promptly extinguished by means of a bucket of water, and the damage is very small.

Base Ball.

The game at Mansfield, O., yesterday, between the Athletics, of that town, and our Alleghenys, resulted in a victory for the latter club. The score stood 9 to 6.

Following is the score by innings of the game at New Castle yesterday, between the clubs named:

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Neshannocks	0	0	1	6	1	0	3	0	0—5
Actives	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0—4

Struck by a Train.

Yesterday afternoon about two o'clock the through freight train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, struck a man named Hackett between Rochester and New Brighton, injuring him so seriously about the head, arms and legs that his life is despaired of. At the occurrence of the accident the man was walking on the track and paid no attention to the engineer's warning. He is fifty-five years of age and resides at New Brighton.

Once More.

Gildenfenney & Co., No. 69 Fifth avenue, have again placed this office under obligations for a first assortment of current literature, including magazines, illustrated and literary papers. They receive all the new books as soon as issued, and keep a very full assortment of all goods in their line, such as plain and fancy stationery, pocketbooks, notions, albums, stereoscopes, games, etc. They make a specialty of base ball goods, and are prepared to furnish clubs with complete outfits at a moment's notice.

Injunction Refused.

A hearing was had yesterday before Judge Collier, in the case of John W. Clark vs. Gabriel Fry, a bill in equity to restrain the defendant, who is plaintiff's landlord, from instituting proceedings to recover possession of his property, after one such action before an Alderman had been decided against the landlord. The Court refused to grant the injunction, deciding that as a landlord is not given the right of appeal in such cases, he can enter suit before different Aldermen until he gets judgment, though, of course, he must first pay the costs in the case which has been decided against him.

Reception to Governor Hartranft.

The Lincoln Club, always foremost in acts of courtesy towards distinguished and deserving Republicans, have arranged for a reception to his Excellency, John F. Hartranft, Governor, on Monday evening next, at eight o'clock, at their rooms, on Smithfield street. The Governor will be in the city on that day, to review the National Guards, and the fact being known to the members of the club, they have thought the reception a fitting one. The Committee is composed of Messers. Thomas Steel, Thomas H. Phelps and Joseph M. Gazzam. Tickets of admission will be issued to a limited number of guests.

The New Catholic Diocese.

James R. McMasters, Esq., editor of the New York *Freeman's Journal*, was in this city yesterday, in consultation with Bishop Tuigg and a number of the clergymen. He claims to have private but authentic telegrams from Rome, announcing that the recently divided part of the old Pittsburgh Diocese has been reconstructed, and Westmoreland county, which includes St. Vincent's Monastery and St. Xavier's Convent, Latrobe, as well as the institutions at Johnstown, are about to be annexed to the new Pittsburgh Diocese. This means, if his statements be authentic, that Bishop Domenec, of the Allegheny Diocese, will be obliged to yield portions of his charge to his new successor in the Pittsburgh Episcopacy—Bishop Tuigg.

The Catholic Journal.

A change has been made in the management of the Catholic *Journal*. Fifty shares of stock, additional, have been issued to laymen, and a meeting of the stockholders was held last evening, when a new organization was effected, the clergy retiring from the Board. The following officers were elected: President, Joseph A. Goulden; Vice President, W. C. Hopper; Secretary, Professor John R. Arnold; Treasurer, Professor J. V. Reed.

Directors—Patrick Foley, John Rogers, Chas. Hook, Thomas O'Rourke, Andrew Dugan, James J. Flannery, James B. Dodge, John Tobin.

Some important changes are contemplated in the business and news departments which will be announced hereafter.

The New Editor of the Advocate.

We have already announced the action of the General Conference in electing Dr. Alfred Wheeler, editor of the *Christian Advocate*, of this city, in place of Dr. Wm. Hunter. The Pittsburgh *Advocate* is under the support of three conferences—the Pittsburgh, West Virginia and Erie—and the main argument used against Dr. Hunter, who was a candidate for re-election this year, was that Pittsburgh conference had held the editorial chair now for a good many years (Dr. Nesbit and Hunter both being members of this conference), and that, therefore, it was due for Erie conference to have a chance at it. The three conference interested in the publication were equally divided on the question of a change in the editorial management, the vote upon Drs. Hunter and Wheeler, taken at a caucus of the delegates from those conferences Wednesday night, being a tie. In the General Conference, however, Dr. Wheeler proved to have the most friends, and he was accordingly elected. Doctor Wheeler, the new editor, at present has charge of a church at Cleveland, Ohio, and is a member of the Erie conference.

The Fourth of July.

The following circular has been issued in accordance with instructions from the joint Centennial Committee of the Councils of both cities:

The one hundredth anniversary of the birthday of our nation is fast approaching. It becomes us as citizens of the United States and of the second city of this grand old Commonwealth in which the nation had her birth to appropriately celebrate the event. To make good the words of the sires of the Revolution, John Adams, "our children will celebrate this day with bonfires and illuminations," it is deemed desirable that there be with a monster procession, one that will be remembered for years to come; a grand outpouring of a grateful people, in which all societies, associations, trades and industries shall be represented. The Centennial Committee, appointed by the Councils of Pittsburgh and Allegheny City respectfully request your participation and suggest that you send a delegate to a meeting to arrange preliminaries, to be held in the Select Council Chamber, Third street, Pittsburgh, Saturday evening, May 27th.

P. S.—Please send name of delegate to

E. S. McCarrow,
City Clerk, Pitt burgh.

Installation Services.

On Thursday evening last, the good people at the borough of New Brighton had a highly interesting service, which was largely attended by all classes. It was the occasion of installing the new pastor, the Rev. T. J. Brstow, formerly of Peoria, Illinois, over the Church, Allegheny county, into his new pastorate. The Rev. Mr. Wallace opened the meeting with prayer, followed by Dr. Swaney reading the Scriptures; the Rev. R. W. Ferguson, D. D., of Fourth Avenue Baptist church, Pittsburgh, preached an eloquent discourse, which was listened to with marked attention and was most appropriate to the occasion. The charge to the people was delivered by the Rev. Aaron Wilson, of New Castle, and the charge to the pastor by the Rev. L. A. Moffatt, of Pittsburgh, the hand of fellowship was then given by the Rev. W. Dannels, of Beaver county, who gave him a hearty welcome on behalf of the ministerial brethren and the people of Beaver county, The Rev. Mr. Bristow then came forward with the benediction. This concluded one of the happiest gatherings ever witnessed in New Brighton, and the good feeling manifested augurs favorably for the future and encourages both pastor and people, who will renew their efforts to work for the cause they desire to prosper.

Testing Fire Hose.

The Board of Fire Commissioners yesterday made a test of the Eureka hose, a new patent just introduced into use. The test took place on Liberty street, near Fourth avenue, and the McAuley Engine, run by the Duquesne Fire Company, was used. The engine stood a test of 275 pounds water pressure, being the full force the engine was capable of imparting to it. The test was a most satisfactory one and the claims of the manufacturers were found in every way to be well sustained. Although cauliflers were used, no visible expansion of the hose could be noticed while they stretched lengthwise making it much easier for the firemen to handle the nozzle. The hose is warranted to stand a hydraulic pressure of 750 pounds to the square inch, while it is but twenty to twenty-five pounds lighter than the all gum hose now in use. The ordinary hose upon which is placed a force of ninety to one hundred and thirty pounds, never higher than the latter so that the tests of the Commissioners of the Eureka to be more than ample for all the exigencies of the service, being so much lighter than the all gum hose it is easier to handle, while more or it can be carried upon the carriages and drawn by the horses.

The commissioners were much pleased with the trial, while acting Chief Engineer Evans and acting Assistant Chief McCutcheon think the Eureka the best hose tried by the fire department. The question used in the test yesterday can be seen at the Seventh avenue engine house. It will be put to service by engine company No. 8.

To Resort to Life Insurance

as a provision for your kindred is to do the best in your power. The United States Life Insurance Company, of New York—always firm as a rock—has a well established General Agency at 66 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Provident men should communicate with it at once. SW

A UNION CAMP GROUND.

Another Meeting of Methodists—Report of the Conference Committee—Additional Committees Appointed, &c., &c.

There was a meeting last night, in the Smithfield Street M. E. Church, of congregations of this vicinity to discuss the matter of selecting a site for a camp ground. John M. Irwin, Esq., called the meeting to order and stated its object, when Mr. John G. Matthews was called to the chair and Mr. J. B. Stewart to the Secretary's desk. Mr. Michael Dravo was elected Vice President.

Mr. Nobbs, from the Committee of Conference from the lot holders and trustees, reported, recommending that the old grounds be retained and improved; and that the trustees be requested to purchase the grounds at Arnold Park; also, that the lot holders shall retain possession of their lots at Tarentum.

Mr. J. H. Walter said the motives which prompted this action on the part of the Conference Committee were that the grounds at Tarentum could not be sold; that they could be retained intact in the hands of the present organization, and that the time may come when the Association will be strong enough to run two camp meetings.

Mr. H. Sanson moved that the report be received and that the trustees be requested to purchase the grounds at Arnold Park.

Mr. W. W. Roup raised the point that the trustees being a close corporation, this meeting could not give them instructions.

Mr. Booth said he would like to know what the trustees propose to do. If they intend to rebuild at the Tarentum grounds it would be well to know it, as he thought there were enough people in Pittsburgh opposed to the Tarentum site to purchase another site.

Mr. Hamilton said he was under the impression that this meeting was convened to discuss the proposition of purchasing a new site, and that it had nothing to do with the Tarentum Board of Trustees.

Mr. McEldowney said it was desirable that this question of securing a site should be settled in a manner which would prove satisfactory to all.

Mr. Brickell offered an amendment to Mr. Sansom's motion, that the Trustees of the old Camp meeting Association be requested to purchase a new camp ground, and that the charter be so amended as to permit such purchase, and submitted to the lot holders of the new grounds for their ratification.

The amendment was amended so as to provide for the appointment of a committee of five from the lot holders of the new Camp Meeting Association to act in conjunction with the Board of Trustees.

The amendments were agreed to, and the motion as amended prevailed. The committee was appointed as follows: Messrs. John Fullerton, John M. Irwin, W. Haslett, S. H. Baird, J. B. Youngson.

Mr. Hunning desired to know if members of other denominations could purchase lots in the new site.

The Chair said it had been suggested that the charter be amended so as to permit all denominations to occupy the new grounds, and he hoped to see that this would be done.

Mr. Hillerman moved that a committee of five be appointed to meet a committee from the Board of Trustees for the purpose of revising the charter and by-laws. The motion was carried, and the following named gentlemen were appointed: Messrs. W. F. Cassidy, W. C. Moreland, Dr. Covert, W. B. Brickell, Samuel Hays.

Mr. Brickell moved that when the meeting adjourn it adjourn to meet at the call of the committee last named. Carried.

A motion by Mr. Irwin, that a committee of one from each charge be appointed to solicit subscriptions, was amended and carried. Appointments were made as follows: Smithfield street, John M. Irwin; Liberty street, Michael Dravo; Wesley Chapel, James Lutton; Centenary, Wm. Hamilton; James Sterling; Tarentum, John Fullerton; Carson street, John Adams; Sharpsburg, W. A. Lewis; Fifth avenue, J. H. Walker; Temperanceville, T. P. Hemperger; Christ Church, Wm. Yarkirk; Trinity, J. H. Nobbs; Kittanning, Wm. Heener; Bingham street, D. J. Morgan; Freeport, General Anderson. Messrs. J. H. Hillerman, Wm. Thumson and several others, whose names the reporter failed to obtain, were also appointed.

Mr. E. T. Cassidy moved that no subscription of less than $100 be received at present. Carried.

Adjourned.

A PASTOR'S FAREWELL.

Rev. J. Treacy, of St Bridget's Bids Adieu to his Congregation—An Affecting Scene.

Thursday evening at St. Bridget's Catholic Church, Eleventh ward, was the occasion of a most affecting demonstration on the part of the congregation, who had assembled to bid a farewell to their pastor, Rev. J. Treacy, after twenty-four years of mutual endearing intercourse. At eight o'clock the church was crowded to repletion. Rev. Father M. Ryan, of St. Bridget's was called to the chair, and Professor Jno. B. Arnold church Secretary. Rev. Fathers C. Devlin, Brown and Christy occupied prominent places in the chancel. When the organization had been completed, the choir, led by Miss Lizzie Kirk, sang the first number of Mozart's Gloria in Excelsis (twelfth mass.)

Mr. John McKeefry then read the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The sad news lately reached us, that, in the order of Divine Providence, the relations that had long subsisted between our beloved pastor, Rev. J. Treacy and his flock, were to be severed by his departure from amongst us and,

WHEREAS, This news has since been fully confirmed; therefore,

Resolved, That whilst as good Catholics, we strive to bow with submission, to this, as to all other decrees of Divine Providence, we cannot as doubtful children, withhold giving this public expression of the feelings of sincere grief which this news of the sudden departure of our second father from our midst has justly created in the minds of every member of this congregation.

Resolved, That his ministration amongst us, for a period of twenty-four years, has created in our minds and hearts feelings of the most profound veneration for him, as a priest, and of admiration for his character as a man.

Resolved, That the separation only deepens and intensifies those feelings of respect, love and friendship.

Resolved, That we will earnestly strive to recall and put in practice those many precepts of religion and morality, which he was so unremitting in the inculcation of during his pastoral career among us, and of which we deem the following as the principal rules as to his unknown charity of his fatherly heart to have always been a bright exemplification.

Resolved That although we well know his widely known reputation does not require it at our hands we cannot refrain from giving this our public testimony to the unsparing zeal with which Rev. Father Treacy has fulfilled a pastoral charge amongst us; he having always proved himself to be the wise and faithful instructor, the warm friend, the enlightened counselor and kind consoler of us all as we required these onlies the rich and the poor, the old and the young.

Resolved, That we tenderly, and from our inmost hearts bid him farewell. The word "farewell" from the utterance of which we would gladly excuse were it possible, assuring him that we will, in accordance to his expressed wishes, make it the sacred duty of ourselves and our children to always remember him in our prayers, humbly imploring of him the favor of remembering us in his petitions to the Throne of Grace, especially at the Holy sacrifice of the altar.

W. C. HOPPER,
MICHAEL KIRK,
P. COYLE,
CHAS. MCBRIDE,
NEAL MCFARLAND,
J. V. REED. } Committee.

Mr. Charles J. McBride, on part of the congregation, then arose and addressed Father Treacy in an affecting and eloquent manner. He concluded by presenting the pastor, amidst with an envelope containing $530, the testimonial of the male portion of the flock.

Rev. Father Treacy, who previous to the exercises had been escorted to a seat at the front of the sanctuary railing, arose, knelt in prayer before the altar, and then turned to the congregation. In a voice choked with emotion he expressed to them his heartfelt grief at the approaching separation. He thanked them for their constant kindness and zeal during the twenty-four years of their mutual intercourse, and closed by begging of them to continue unceasing in their kindness and devotion to His Blessed Mother.

A handsome gold watch, the reverend pastor was affected to tears, while even the male portion of the congregation could be heard sobbing.

Mr. Frank D. Hopper then, on behalf of the Young Ladies' Sodality, presented Father Treacy with an elegant cassock, accompanied by an affecting address.

A soprano solo, "Ave Maria," was next rendered by Mr. Coyle, whereupon Mr. William C. Hopper, on behalf of the married ladies, handed Rev. Father Treacy a purse containing $300, after a brief but impressive address. When the choir had sung Lambillotte's "Memorare," with trumpet obligato by Professor Thomas F. Kirk, the entire congregation advanced, in single rank, past Father Treacy, and each individual member shook him cordially but sorrowfully by the hand.

After the congregation held a meeting, and resolved to proceed in a body to Sharpsburg, to be present at the late mass, to be held at 10½ A. M.

MEETING OF COLORED VOTERS

Resolutions Adopted—Friends of the Colored People to be Supported.

A meeting of the colored voters of the two cities was held last night, the meeting under the auspices of the Sumner club, in the colored Baptist church, Allegheny.

Mr. Paul Carson presided, and Prof. S. A. Neale acted as Secretary. There was a large attendance, and addresses were made by Paul Carson, Prof. Neale, Isaac Morto , J. H. Jones, J. C. Brown and others, after which the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That while we deeply regret the unpleasantness which still continues to be unsiong partisans, and while we still more regret the course which a portion of the leaders of the party who assisted to reject the Hon. Mr. Pinchback, of Louisiana, who was legally elected to the United States Senate, for which we now as in the past loyal to the party through whose instrumentality under the guidance of Almighty we were delivered from bondage.

Resolved, That although at this period we affirm our adherence to the Republican party we look with earnest hopes for the fulfillment of its pledges as to the impartial application of the principle of equal rights as to its incorporation into its forthcoming platform the everlasting principles of justice to all in the awarding of labor and good wages to workingmen; as to the introduction of those needed reforms in our national statutes touching internal relations, and as to the advocacy and adoption of the exalting principles of Miss Frances' and the other writers free from sectarian influence.

Resolved, That we recognize in the names of a few of the candidates for political honors gentlemen whose unsullied records, whose kindness to our race, and whose inflexible integrity have endeared them to the great mass of white and colored voters of this county, and we pledge to them our hearty and earnest support.

THE SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY QUESTION.

The Fourth Ward School Board Protests and Asks a Reconsideration.

An adjourned meeting of the North subDistrict (Fourth ward) School Board was held on Thursday evening last—all the members being present. Mr. J. C. Burgher presided; Wm. A. Hall, Esq., acted as Secretary. The following preamble and resolutions were offered and adopted by acclamation:

WHEREAS, The Central Board of Education, at its last meeting, ordered that Cornell "Guyot's Intermediate," now in use in our public schools, thereby breaking the series and entailing the expense of purchasing a new and costly book upon the patrons of our common schools, a majority of whom are unable to bear the expense; therefore,

Resolved, That we enter our earnest protest against the action of the Central Board in overtopping justice by an arbitrary exercise of power, and forcing upon the community a tax which will still more oppress the already overburdened supporters of our public schools; and earnestly and respectfully request a reconsideration of the subject, because the trustees can sell at discretion, and thereby avoid this calamity of a forced sale.

We have offered forty per cent. because that is all we can realize on these properties, their concealed value being $1,623,1.09.

With great respect,

S. SCHOYER, JR.

(For self and George Shiras.)

This was taken up at some length, after which the proposition was referred to a sub-committee for examination.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the payment of $5.0.0 to C. J. Schultz for work done on the Slyvan avenue bridge.

After business of minor importance, the committee adjourned.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

THE *Catholic Journal* denies that it is the organ of the Hibernian or any other society.

JOSHUA GROVE and J. R. Cunningham have been licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Allegheny.

MR. J. C. HAMOND, student under the care of Allegheny Presbytery, has accepted a call from Meredith, Delaware Presbytery.

AT a recent meeting of Allegheny Presbytery, the resignation of Rev. D. M. Thorp, of his pastoral charge of Fleming, congregation was accepted.

"The Centennial Exhibition and the Sabbath Question" will be the subject of Rev. F. Leroy Senour at the Central Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10½.

REV. HUNTER CORBETT and wife left this city Monday last for China. The prayers of very many will follow them. Friends will follow them to their field of labor.

THE pulpit of the First Universalist church, corner Third avenue and Grant street, will be occupied to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. by the Rev. Wm. Ver. Gilman, Ohio.

REV. THOMAS A. CASEY, of St. Patrick's Pro-Cathedral, Allegheny, with his brother James, left last week for Europe. He will be absent three months, and of course will visit Rome.

REV. W. H. LOGAN was installed pastor of the Pres-byterian church at Millerstown, Perry county, on the last Thursday of April, and on the same evening pastor of the church at Newport.

THE funeral of the late Mr. Harvey Childs, which took place yesterday afternoon, was one of the largest ever held in this city. Interments were deposited in Allegheny Cemetery.

REV. G. H. HUMPHREY, of the South Side, will preach to-morrow morning on "Eternity—its Endless Duration, Awful Terrors and Weighty Concerns," and in the evening on "How to Keep Cool in a Red Hot Place."

REV. DAVID HARRISON, formerly of Delmont, in the Presbytery of Redstone, has installed pastor of the Bridge Street church of Catasauqua, by a committee of Lehigh Presbytery, on the evening of May 11th.

REV. ANDREW BRYDIE of Dunfermline, Fifeshire, Scotland, shortly expected to arrive in this country, was a warm friend, the estimable pastor of the Langelit Presbyterian church of Edinburgh. The congregation is largely composed of natives of Scotland.

THE SACRAMENT of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the Central U. P. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow. The services in the morning will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Sproull, and in the evening by Rev. D. Gregg.

REV. R. W. PEARSON, D. D., will preach in Fourth Avenue Baptist Church on Sunday morning on "Sinliter and Beam: Throwing Stones in Glass Houses," and in the evening at 7:45 on "Swift Tongue: Slow Foot," followed by Believers' Baptism.

THE Sunday Gospel meetings in the Bellefield Presbyterian Church this week have been very interesting and productive of great good. The meetings will be continued next week at the Oakland Church, on Forbes street, and a cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

THE original territory covered by the old Pittsburgh Conference, in 1825, when it was formed, contained less than 20,000 members. In 1875 the original territory, now in the three conferences of Pittsburgh, Erie and West Virginia, reported 96,172 communicants, 105,124 members, 734 local preachers, and 761 traveling preachers.

THE *United Presbyterian* earnestly discusses the efforts being made to have the Centennial kept open on the Sabbath. Professor Fockes Talbott Gase, northeast corner Wood street and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. WS

ELECTRICITY !!

Dr. G. A. Sprecher, Electrical Physician and Surgeon, 288 Penn avenue, presents the following

TESTIMONY:

OPINION OF HON. J. R. MOORHEAD, EX-MEMBER OF CONGRESS.

Having witnessed the good effects of G. A. SPRECHER'S Electrical Treatment in my own family, I have no hesitation in giving my opinion in favor of its virtue as a curative agent in very many cases. J. K. MOORHEAD.

PITTSBURGH, February 16, 1870.

OPINION OF THE LATE T. A. MORRIS, SENIOR BISHOP OF M. E. CHURCH.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June, 1870.

Having witnessed the salutary effects of this agent in the treatment in my own family and among my neighbors and friends, I take pleasure in recommending it. It is highly successful in various forms of disease.

T. A. MORRIS.

FROM THE LATE REV. DR. GEO. MARSHALL, MEMBER OF OHIO PRESBYTERY.

I have been treated professionally by Dr. Sprecher, and cheerfully recommend it as a curative agent.

REV. GEORGE MARSHALL, D.D.

FROM REV. DR. E. R. SQUIER, PASTOR OF CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

DR. SPRECHER—*Dear Sir:* Having had some little personal experience with Electropathy, as a mode of medical treatment, I have no hesitancy in saying that I regard it, for diseases of the nervous system, as a good form of practice. The few treatments that I have received from you have served to confirm me still more in the opinion.

Respectfully yours,
REV. E. R. SQUIRS, D.D.,
Pastor Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

PITTSBURGH, April 26, 1876.

DR. G. A. SPRECHER—*Dear Sir:* I was cured by means of Electricity of paralysis of the brachial nerve. J. G. TEMPLETON.
289 Penn avenue.

D. S. Hoobler,

No. 87 Smithfield street, makes to order the most stylish garments at the very lowest prices.

Stylish Garments.

If you want a neat fitting garment made to order in the very latest style, go to B. Feigel's, No. 53 Smithfield street. Mr. B. has his stock replenished with a fine selection of imported and domestic fabrics, and guarantees the lowest prices, both for material and workmanship. Give him a call before making your selections.

Closing Out Auction Sale.

It will be noticed by referring to our advertising columns that D. M. Evans' Department Store has been removed to No. 124 Wood street, where he is continuing his great closing out sale. Many choice bargains may be obtained at this sale, as the stock is still large and embraces a great variety of both useful and ornamental articles. Auction daily, at 10 A. M., 2 and 7 P. M.

Auction.

On Monday, May 22, at 10 A. M., Messrs. Wm. Frank & Son, wholesale auctioneers and commission merchants, No. 59 Market street, will offer to the trade a large and complete line of dry goods, hosiery, furnishing goods and fancy goods; also three hundred youths' suits. See advertisement in another column.

D. S. Hoobler.

No. 87 Smithfield street, is now showing a large and very choice selection of cloths, cassimeres, vestings and overcoatings, to which he invites the attention of all parties desiring to secure first class bargains.

Fine Merchant Tailoring.

Do not forget that Messrs. Neimann & Ahlers have removed to No. 101 Smithfield street, where they are prepared to show a full line of the latest styles in piece goods from which they will make to order the most fashionable garment at prices to suit the times. The finest and best workmanship guaranteed.

If You Want

a perfect fitting garment, made in the latest style and a superior order of workmanship, call on Messrs. Neimann & Ahlers, the fine merchant tailors, No. 101 Smithfield street.

Iron City Gun Works.

Rifles, shot guns, pistols and ammunition for Black Hills parties and others. Fishing tackle, sporting apparatus, etc.; a full assortment at lowest prices at H. H. Schulte's Iron City Gun Works, No. 520 Liberty street. Send for price list. TTHS

Headquarters for Bonanza Crackers,

By the barrel or pound, for sale by W. J. Prance, grocer and tea dealer, No. 4 Diamond, Pittsburgh. MWS

"A Drop of Joy in Every Word."

FLEMINGTON, HUNTERDON CO., N. J., June 26, 1874.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.—*Dear Sir:* It is with a happy heart that I pen these lines to acknowledge that you and your Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets are blessings to the world. These medicines cannot be too highly praised, for they have almost brought me out of the grave. Three months ago I was broken out with large ulcers and sores on my body, limbs and face. I procured your Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets, and have taken six bottles, and to-day I am in good health, all those ugly ulcers having healed up, left my skin in a natural, healthy condition. I thought at one time I could not be cured. Although I can but poorly express my gratitude to you, yet there's a drop of joy in every word I write. God's blessing rest on you and your wonderful medicines is the humble prayer of

Yours truly,
JAMES O. BELLIS.

When a medicine will promptly cure such terrible eating ulcers and free the blood of the virulent poison causing them, who can longer doubt its wonderful Virtues? Dr. Pierce, however, does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums by recommending it to cure every disease, neither does he so recommend it; but what he does claim is th's, that there is but one form of *blood* disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his Discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most searching blood cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other known blood poisons, be they scrofulous, vegetable or mineral. The Golden Discovery is *warranted* by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples and Eruptions, also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst forms of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of Neck, Legs or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the Bones, as White Swellings, Fever Sores, Hip Joint and Spinal Diseases, all of which belong to Scrofulous diseases. TTHS&S

The 50,000 Worth Consignment Sale,

upon the stock of Allen, Gibbon & Co., of Broadway, New York, is now in progress, and will be continued for 12 days at the Big 13, Sixth street. The balance of the stock has arrived, and comprises the following:

100 pairs Worsted Pants, costing $4, ordered to be sold at $2.25.

250 pairs of Working Pants, costing $1 50, ordered to be sold at 75 cents.

200 Business Suits, costing $10, ordered to be sold at $5.

200 Dress Suits, costing $25, ordered to be sold at $12.

40 Boys' Suits, costing $8, ordered to be sold at $4.

60 Boys' Jackets, costing $3 00, ordered to be sold at $1 37.

75 Boys' Pants, costing $2 50, ordered to be sold at $1 10.

250 White Vests, costing $3 03 and $5 03, ordered to be sold at $1 25 and $2 00.

1,100 Striped Summer Coats, costing $2 00, ordered to be sold at 75 cents.

65 Cassimere Vests, costing $2 53, ordered to be sold at $1 00.

400 Regular Vests costing $7 50, ordered to be sold at $3 50.

200 Centennial Suits, costing $10 63, ordered to be sold at $5 00.

300 Cabinet's Suits, costing $15 00, ordered to be sold at $8 00.

Owing to the great depression of business in New York, the owners of this stock are being heavily involved, have, on the 20 inst., made arrangements with Mr. Tobias, while in New York, to consign the above-named stock to him, which is to be sold without regard to cost to meet their liabilities. Such a chance to buy never was offered before in the city of Pittsburgh. Remember this is no humbug. The above goods are filled at cost, and will be sold at quoted prices.

All I ask is for everybody, before spending one cent, to call at Big 13, Sixth street. My low prices will surprise you when you see the goods. My goods are shown free to all, whether you purchase or not.

P. S.—Mr. Tobias informs all that the consigned stock is entirely separate from regular stock.

The Branch Hotel,

located on Seventh street, between Market and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia—at the business center—is the Philadelphia Washington Hotel on Chestnut street, but will be run on European plan, with lodging only one dollar per night. It has dining rooms, bar room and a new feature by way of a baggage deposit room connected with the Branch Hotel.

Pleasant Valley Wine Company.

We have heretofore had occasion to speak of the excellent quality of the wines manufactured by the Pleasant Valley Wine Company, of Hammondsport, New York, and which are on sale in this city, at the establishment of Mr. Ed. H. Lubbers, where the high reputation for prise in the wine trade have justly earned for him the appellation of the Champagne King. He takes a specialty of the manufacture of champagne, foreign and domestic, among which are noted the following:

Imported Brands—Louis Roederer Carte Blanche; Louis Rodever Dry Sillery, Pommery & Greno Carte Blanche, Pommery Dry, Piper Heidsieck, Chas. Heidsieck Dry Sillery, Fourmer Carte Blanche, J. Fourmer Extra Dry Sillery.

Domestic Brands—M. Werk & Sons' Golden Eagle, M. Werk & Sons' Extra Dry Golden Eagle, M. Werk & Sons' Sparkling Delaware, Pleasant Valley Wine Company's Great Western, Pleasant Valley Wine Company's Imperial, Hammondsport Wine Company's Extra Dry, Imitation, Piper Heidsieck Dry, Imitation, Piper Heidsieck Sec, Imitation, Carte Blanche, Imitation, Sillery.

Other brands of wine of different grades.

The Pleasant Valley Wine Company have shown what can be done in this important branch of manufacture, and it is a significant fact that these wines are fast superseding the more fiery liquors so common in the United States. It is also gratifying to know that the Pleasant Valley Company were awarded the first prize medal at the Vienna Exposition on their wines, the highest premium ever awarded—a distinction won against hundreds of competitors from the United States and all European countries. Those who have not yet tested these wines should call at the store of Mr. Ed. Lubbers, No. 66 Fifth avenue, and they can have an ample stock from which to select.

The New Atlas Hotel,

Philadelphia, Pa., has the most superior location of all the Centennial hotels near the grounds.

European Steamship Arrivals Reported Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul MAX SCHAM BERG'S office, Stock Exchange and Produce Exchange, and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the Steamer Ems at Bremen, Leipzig at Baltimore, Bremen line steamer Oder at New York, Hamburg line steamer Gothland at New York, Cunard line steamer Scythia at Queenstown.

First Class Dentistry.

The great success of Dr. Geo. W. Spencer, the well-known dentist of No. 754 Penn avenue, is straightforward to the fact that he does only first-class work. Dr. Spencer has been established in business in this city for a great many years and is probably better known than any other man in the profession in the city. Certainly his reputation is second to none, and it has been earned by hard labor, steady application and successful workmanship. We can confidently recommend him to any of our readers who are in need of any work in the dentistry line.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Wm. P. Bonnett,

Printer, Blank Book Maker and manufacturer of Patent Binder, Leclerc Fockes Talbott Case, northeast corner Wood street and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. WS

ELECTRICITY !!

Dr. G. A. Sprecher, Electrical Physician and Surgeon, 288 Penn avenue, presents the following

TESTIMONY:

OPINION OF HON. J. R. MOORHEAD, EX-MEMBER OF CONGRESS.

Having witnessed the good effects of G. A. SPRECHER'S Electrical Treatment in my own family, I have no hesitation in giving my opinion in favor of its virtue as a curative agent in very many cases. J. K. MOORHEAD.

PITTSBURGH, February 16, 1870.

OPINION OF THE LATE T. A. MORRIS, SENIOR BISHOP OF M. E. CHURCH.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June, 1870.

Having witnessed the salutary effects of this agent in the treatment in my own family and among my neighbors and friends, I take pleasure in recommending it. It is highly successful in various forms of disease.

T. A. MORRIS.

FROM THE LATE REV. DR. GEO. MARSHALL, MEMBER OF OHIO PRESBYTERY.

I have been treated professionally by Dr. Sprecher, and cheerfully recommend it as a curative agent.

REV. GEORGE MARSHALL, D.D.

FROM REV. DR. E. R. SQUIER, PASTOR OF CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

DR. SPRECHER—*Dear Sir:* Having had some little personal experience with Electropathy, as a mode of medical treatment, I have no hesitancy in saying that I regard it, for diseases of the nervous system, as a good form of practice. The few treatments that I have received from you have served to confirm me still more in the opinion.

Respectfully yours,
REV. E. R. SQUIRS, D.D.,
Pastor Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

PITTSBURGH, April 26, 1876.

DR. G. A. SPRECHER—*Dear Sir:* I was cured by means of Electricity of paralysis of the brachial nerve. J. G. TEMPLETON.
289 Penn avenue.

D. S. Hoobler,

No. 87 Smithfield street, makes to order the most stylish garments at the very lowest prices.

Stylish Garments.

If you want a neat fitting garment made to order in the very latest style, go to B. Feigel's, No. 53 Smithfield street. Mr. B. has his stock replenished with a fine selection of imported and domestic fabrics, and guarantees the lowest prices, both for material and workmanship. Give him a call before making your selections.

Closing Out Auction Sale.

It will be noticed by referring to our advertising columns that D. M. Evans' Department Store has been removed to No. 124 Wood street, where he is continuing his great closing out sale. Many choice bargains may be obtained at this sale, as the stock is still large and embraces a great variety of both useful and ornamental articles. Auction daily, at 10 A. M., 2 and 7 P. M.

Auction.

On Monday, May 22, at 10 A. M., Messrs. Wm. Frank & Son, wholesale auctioneers and commission merchants, No. 59 Market street, will offer to the trade a large and complete line of dry goods, hosiery, furnishing goods and fancy goods; also three hundred youths' suits. See advertisement in another column.

D. S. Hoobler.

No. 87 Smithfield street, is now showing a large and very choice selection of cloths, cassimeres, vestings and overcoatings, to which he invites the attention of all parties desiring to secure first class bargains.

Fine Merchant Tailoring.

Do not forget that Messrs. Neimann & Ahlers have removed to No. 101 Smithfield street, where they are prepared to show a full line of the latest styles in piece goods from which they will make to order the most fashionable garment at prices to suit the times. The finest and best workmanship guaranteed.

If You Want

a perfect fitting garment, made in the latest style and a superior order of workmanship, call on Messrs. Neimann & Ahlers, the fine merchant tailors, No. 101 Smithfield street.

Iron City Gun Works.

Rifles, shot guns, pistols and ammunition for Black Hills par